

The sub-committee on resolutions completed its work at midnight and will report to the full committee tomorrow morning, previous to the assembling of the convention. The plank on the tariff and finance were adopted as written by Mr. McKinley and express his views on protection and ex-

metallism. The currency resolution is the same as in the national platform of 1892. The resolution endorsing McKinley is as strong as it could be made. The embarrassment on certain temperance State legislation was covered by endorsement of the present Legislature which defeated radical measures. There is nothing specially new in the declaration, but the preamble is a caustic indictment of President Cleveland's administration.

publican State Convention adopted a platform emphatic in declaration for "sound money." The present State officers were renominated by acclama-

In the course of a brief address on taking the chair, Mr. Dyer said: "The Republican party of Rhode Island has always been partial to the State or

Malne, and if this year the choice of the party at large shall fall upon her most eminent statesman, it would rest upon no broken reed."

The platform declares for protection and for "a financial policy which recognizes every dollar to be of equal value; for recognition of the services of survivors of the civil war and for restriction of immigration."

It also indorses the recent acts of the Republican Congress to increase the

POLITICS IN KANSAS.
WICHITA (Kan.), March 10.—The Republican State Convention met at 10 o'clock. Justice Albert H. Horton was elected temporary chairman. Committees were appointed. A telegram greeting to the Ohio Republican Convention was adopted.

KOKOMO (Ind.) March 10.—The Eleventh District Republican Convention, the first to meet in the State, renominated Congressman George W. Steel. Resolutions were reported indorsing the Republican national platform of 1892 and pronouncing for gold and silver of equal value as money. The principle of protection was indorsed. The convention indorsed McKinley for President.

PLATT A DELEGATE.
OWEGO (N. Y.) March 10.—The Republicans of Tioga county in convention today elected a delegation to the State convention headed by Thomas Platt, and passed resolutions endorsing Gov. Morton as a Presidential candidate.

OFF DAY AT FRANKFORT.
FRANKFORT (Ky.) March 10.—An agreement the joint ballot today was

A TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.
PITTSBURGH (Pa.), March 10.—The conference to form a new national temperance party met today, two delegates being present. The promoters, however, say there will be a large number present before the conference closes.

Chairman Carter Stewart delivered the opening address. On the stage a displayed signs reading: "Legal Tender Paper Money, No Bonds," "Free Silver 16 to 1. Independent of Other Governmental Commitments," "Single-standard Gold Bonds," "In Union There is Strength," etc. How the advocates of these various ideas are to be united will appear during the conference.

cial to the Commercial-Gazette from Frankfort, Ky., says that Dunlop, a Republican contestant for the Democrat Kauffman's seat in the House withdrew his contest today. The Republican managers claim that the case is in the hands of the House. Dunlop has no say in the matter. Furthermore they express the determination to unseat Kauffman tomorrow.

at
ed.
io.
er-
of
ic-
an-
ose
ith
nce
lor-
or-

SPORTING RECORD.]
TWO WORLD-BEATERS.

**SQUIRES AND EDWARDS MAKE U
EQUALLED TIME.**

**The Mile and Ten-mile Indoor I
cycle Races Furnish Good E**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, March 11.—F
thousand people witnessed the bicy
races at the Mechanics' Pavilion
night. J. E. Edwards made a n
world's record for a mile. He rode
distance, paced by Eagan and Jea

In the ten-mile club cup race How Squires of the Acme Club lowered world's ten-mile indoor record to 24:10.

Tony Delmas was the star rider of the evening, winning all his heats as taking one first and one second place in the finals. Summary:

One-half mile, handicap: Gooch (yards) first, Delmas (30) second; the

One mile, invitation: Delmas first; Williamson second; time 2:33.

"Texas Tom's" Victory.

ST. LOUIS (Mo.) March 10.—"Texas Tom" Walsh, the poolroom man, gained a point in Judge Murphy's court Monday in securing the dismissal of cases against him and his ten associates on charges of keeping a common gambling house. Walsh's lawyers

The Overdue Rio.
SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—

other day has passed without bringing news of the overdue steamer de Janeiro, which is now out this two days from San Francisco for Kohama. This is the longest passage across the Pacific in many years. Officials of the Pacific Mail Company have been besieged by relatives of officers and crew of the missing vessel, all anxiously looking for information. The Pacific Mail people state that the steamer will no doubt drift

about the ocean with the disabled or that the coal supply run short owing to heavy weather any event the officials say she is to arrive all right.

ATE VICTIM'S FLESH

Further Particulars of the Korean Massacre.

Rebels Holding Their Own in the Provinces.

The Olympia's Speed on Her Trans-Pacific Trip—Hawaii to Tax California Wine—Murder at San Francisco—Brown Scandal.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TIMES.)
VICTORIA (B. C.), March 10.—(Special Dispatch.) The authorities in Korea had not, according to late advices from Seoul, succeeded in putting an end to the troubles which have been agitating the country for the past month. The natives are very hostile toward the Japanese, and the latter were frequently called upon to defend their lives and property, often with little success. On the other hand, the Koreans show partiality toward the Russians, who have practically taken charge of the empire. The King and new minister are still at the Russian Legation, their policy being unsettled, the relations between the ministers are strained, and rumors seem to indicate that the King will be deposed.

King Hei Shi, in company with a royal messenger dispatched for him, arrived at Seoul and had an audience with the King, who appointed him to the Premiership. Instead of accepting the appointment, King censured the King for having murdered the old minister, and declined the appointment. The kingdom has been reduced to a state of political disorder, the government being entirely powerless to suppress the insurrection in the provinces. The ministers also suspect one another, and are intriguing for each other's downfall. The rebels are strong and well armed in many of the provinces, and are causing much trouble.

The American and English residents of Seoul condemn the inhumanity of the new Korean Cabinet. Grathouse protested most strongly that police officials who so brutally butchered the two old ministers must be punished, and the new government was greatly dismayed. The policy of the Japanese government to deal with Korea has been definitely decided. In compliance with the views of all the powers, the Japanese government decided to adopt a course calculated to avoid any conflict with Russia, and resolved to cooperate with Russia in all matters connected with Korea. This proposal was warmly welcomed by the Russian government, which warmly endorsed it.

Tokio papers publish full details of the murder of the ministers at Seoul on February 10, and say that after the bodies had been dragged through the streets the populace ate the flesh.

THE OLYMPIA'S SPEED.
Lieut. Mitchell on the Alleged Race with the Empress.

VICTORIA (B. C.), March 10.—(Special Dispatch.) A Shanghai story about the alleged racing between steamships Empress of India and Olympia evoked the following letter from Lieut. Mitchell, navigating officer of the Olympia.

"Referring to the remarkable trip of the Empress of India, it is stated that the fast United States cruiser Olympia left Kobe at 5 p.m., January 22, followed five hours later by the Empress of India. That Admiral McNeil took the opportunity to make a trial trip of the Olympia, which ship is credited with a speed of 21.69 knots, and that the Empress arrived in Nagasaki four hours ahead of her. The real facts are these: The Olympia's boiler-power consisted of four main boilers and two auxiliary, or exactly one-half her boiler-power. No other fires were started during the trip. The Empress left five hours later, as correctly stated, and passed us just before entering the Straits of Shimozaki. At that time the Olympia was steaming 13½ knots, and I should judge the Empress to have been making 17. At no time during the trip did the Olympia make more than 17 knots.

"Had the conditions been favorable, it was Admiral McNeil's intention to make a quarterly speed trial between Rock Island and Oshima on the voyage between Yokohama and Kobe. At that time the Olympia had fired under all boilers, but the very heavy weather gale obliged us to slow down before the trial had hardly commenced. She gave us, however, a glimpse of what she might do. At 6 a.m., January 21, the ship's log read 20 knots. With stop-watch and two Walker engines, one checking the other, I logged her 21 knots between 6 and 7 a.m. This was under natural draft. That speed is somewhat nearer what the Olympia can make than what she was making when the Empress of India passed us in Shimozaki Straits."

A LIVELY SESSION.

More of Late Overman's Letters Produced and Read.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—Rev. C. O. Brown was too ill to appear before the Congregational council this morning, and his attorney announced that he was in a serious condition. He appears to be suffering from a slight attack of pneumonia. His bronchial tubes are badly affected, and, according to Attorney Nagle, his mind is also affected as a result of the great mental strain to which he has been subjected during the last few months. The attorney said he doubted if Brown would ever entirely recover.

The council proceeded without Brown, and a very lively session was the result. After Mrs. Paddock, a member of the church, had testified that Dr. Brown had called upon Mrs. Davidson to address a prayer-meeting, Miss Overman was called for cross-examination. The prosecution had prepared a number of letters which the judge-advocate read and asked Miss Overman to identify.

Attorney Nagle, who is representing Dr. Brown's interest, objected strenuously to the reading of the letters, but the moderator ruled that they should be read. Nagle then said that if the investigation was to be conducted in such a manner, he saw no use for him to remain. He did not leave, however, but continued to fight every point. There were ten letters in all read by the judge-advocate, and, although it was not stated where they were obtained, it is supposed they were furnished by Mrs. Davidson. Miss Overman identified all the letters as having been probably written by her. One letter, dated July 1, 1895, she said had been re-written in the same manner as letters to Mrs. Tunnell.

Council adjourned at noon to meet

again in the afternoon. After adjournment Nagle and Miss Overman tried to persuade the moderator to listen to their objections as to the manner of conducting the investigation, but the moderator said the ruling had been made, and could not be changed.

At the afternoon session, Mrs. Brown, wife of the accused minister, took the stand in her husband's defense. She said they had been married thirty years and had always lived happily together. She told of meeting Miss Overman in Tacoma and of the introduction of Mrs. Stockton to Dr. Brown by Mrs. Cooper. Mrs. Brown said that the reason she had objected to Mrs. Stockton as a member of the church choir was on account of her voice, which she thought was not good enough. Then she told about the row over the Turkish tea, to which Mrs. Stockton was refused admission, and said that Mrs. Cooper requested a private conference with Dr. Brown and herself, swearing them to secrecy. Mrs. Cooper warned them against Mrs. Stockton, saying she was a bad woman and was the mistress of a wealthy man of this city. Mrs. Cooper said she knew this when she introduced Mrs. Stockton to Dr. Brown, but that she had introduced her as a mere formality.

Mrs. Brown said that Miss Overman visited at her home, but at her own, as Miss Overman was a great help to her. Mrs. Brown said her husband went to Tacoma with Mrs. Overman, and she suggested and, since the exposure of the scandal, Miss Overman has remained in her house at her invitation. Mrs. Brown said her husband was loyal to her and to his home and that she knew that there had been no improper relations between Dr. Brown and Miss Overman. She said she attributed all the sorrows of herself and husband to Mrs. Cooper, the latter having had in Mrs. Cooper, Stockton to them when she knew she was a bad woman.

A BOOM FOR BROWN.
KALAMAZOO (Mich.), March 10.—The First Congregational Church, of which Rev. C. O. Brown of San Francisco was formerly pastor, has adopted resolutions expressing "abiding faith in the entire innocence of our suffering brother, faith founded on years of personal intercourse and Christian association with him and upon the knowledge, as far as it is given intimate associates to have, of his staleness and incorruptible manhood."

WILL TAX CALIFORNIA WINES.

Hawaii's Legislature Proposes to Enact a Prohibitory Tariff.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—There is much agitation among local wine men over the news that the Hawaiian Legislature now in session proposes to place a prohibitory duty on California wines. Last fall they had an intimation that such a course was to be taken and prepared for agitation at Washington for retaliation, but promises were made which induced them to remain quiet. Now, however, information has reached them which leads them to believe they have been duped and the steamer which sailed today for Honolulu carried a demand for an immediate explanation with a threat of attack on the Sandwich Island sugar industry if the reply be not satisfactory.

Under the present Hawaiian tariff California wine is charged 15 cents a gallon duty. It is now proposed to increase this to 30 cents a gallon on wine of less than 14 per cent. alcohol and to 50 cents a gallon on all wine above that alcoholic strength. The wine men of California have had great difficulty in resisting the inroads of Japanese sake, which pays only 15 cents duty and realize that if the proposed increase of over 200 per cent. is added to their product it will be driven from the Hawaiian market and the sweet-wine trade be effectively destroyed. The warning has been given that if this is carried out the people of California will not rest until they have secured the abrogation of the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty, whereby the Sandwich Islands are benefited several million dollars annually, while the United States and California gain nothing in return. The wine men say they were led to believe that California wines would be placed on the free list, but if they are to be put entirely a bitter fight against the reciprocity treaty will be commenced in Washington and conducted to the bitter end.

A SAN DIEGO BOOM.

Shipments of Cotton for Japan Go Through that Port.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN DIEGO, March 10.—The most positive information yet received concerning the establishment of direct commercial relations between San Diego and Japan was obtained yesterday from a private letter from A. H. Butler, formerly of this city, who is now in the cotton district of Texas buying up large consignments of cotton for shipment direct to Japan through the port of San Diego. He is the agent in this country of the Osaka Cotton Spinning Association.

Butler was taken to learn the most favorable route from the cotton districts to Japan by way of some Pacific Coast port and agents of the Japanese manufacturers have visited San Francisco, Puget Sound and San Diego, obtaining this information. That San Diego has been definitely decided upon as presenting the most advantages for the development of this commerce, and also in connection with the shipment of iron ore, is shown by Butler's letter.

Butler's correspondent here is Gen. W. E. Webb, owner of the great Tepusete iron mines of Lower California. He writes: "I have just shipped the first ten carloads of cotton purchased by me through the port of San Francisco, leaving Texas via the Southern Pacific. I am now arranging for the second shipment which will go via the San Diego to San Diego, for trans-shipment to Japan. Hereafter all shipments of cotton to the Japanese factory will be sent via San Diego."

Butler then goes on to say that by this arrangement almost five hundred miles of railroad haul is saved, and that even a trans-shipment from here to San Francisco by coast steamers, a saving will result. But this method will obtain only while arrangements are being completed for the sending of Japanese steamers direct to San Diego, bringing the wares of the east and returning with cotton and iron.

THE MONADNOCK.

Makes Her First Appearance in San Francisco Bay.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—The coast-defense vessel Monadnock, the keel of which was laid at Mare Island navy-yard twenty-one years ago, made her first appearance in San Francisco harbor today. She was on her trial run, having been made ready for sea at the navy-yard a few days ago. She presented very much the same appearance as the Monterey, with her double turrets, except that she seemed to stand higher out of the water. The Monadnock has had a Rip Van Winkle's existence for twenty-one years, except at times there has been a spasmodic awakening aboard her. She was commissioned in 1875 and on lines that would have led to the completion of a monitor of that period. Then came a long delay, succeeded by the purchase of the vessel until, in 1885, she was

launched. Since she was commenced ideas have changed as to naval fighters and she is as near the modern type as designing and engineering skill can make her. She has two turrets, heavily armored, and carries four heavy guns, with a strong battery of rapid-firing guns. As a fighter she is rated well up with the Monterey and the two could easily dispatch anything now in the Pacific.

THE "SAINT" IS QUIET.

Reports of a Yaqui Uprising Are Discredited.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
TUCSON (Ariz.), March 10.—The so-called Mexican rebellion is yet only on paper. No active movement has been attempted, and none contemplated by the Arizona authorities. In response to a telegram from Nogales stating that Mexican customs officials had been informed of the approach of filibustering parties from the north, Gov. Hughes, now here, telegraphed Gov. Thornton of New Mexico, Sheriff Shannon of Silver City, N. M., and Sheriff Wright of Solomonsville, points at which it was reported the filibustering forces were being recruited.

Sheriff Wright replied that all was quiet. He said the leaders in the movement, had edited a paper in the Arizona authorities. In response to a telegram from Nogales stating that Mexican customs officials had been informed of the approach of filibustering parties from the north, Gov. Hughes, now here, telegraphed Gov. Thornton of New Mexico, Sheriff Shannon of Silver City, N. M., and Sheriff Wright of Solomonsville, points at which it was reported the filibustering forces were being recruited.

He left immediately with Ricardo Johnson, a wealthy mining man of Mexico, prominent in the Garcia affair. Both are supposed to be in El Paso. No armed force has been made at Solomonsville, or other points in Arizona, and the expedition is not expected to leave until the "saint" takes no interest in either political or religious affairs. Notwithstanding the sensational stories concerning her, the saint is known nothing but the possession of magnetism, the secret of all cures ascribed to her. She is held in superstitious regard by the people, and is not disposed to make use of her influence. Gov. Hughes gives assurance that no filibustering expeditions will be organized in this Territory. Commerce is so friendly that any attempt to instigate rebellion north of the Sonora line will be promptly suppressed.

CALLED A FAKE.
SOLOMONSVILLE (Ariz.), March 10.—The sensational report sent out from Nogales, Ariz., last night stating that Santa Teresa Urra had led a revolutionary expedition from this county to Sonora, Mex., is a fake. Santa Teresa, who is a kind of faith-cure doctor, is in San José, surrounded by her family, and it is not believed that she is in any way implicated in any intended revolution against Mexico. The only foundation for such a report is the fact that a man named Aguirre, who published Spanish paper, the Independent, for three months here, two weeks ago was caught publishing a lot of revolutionary matter for distribution in Mexico. His recovery was made by Pedro G. de la Lama, the owner of the printing office where the Independent was published. De la Lama seized the edition and Aguirre left on the next train and has not been heard of since.

MINISTER ROMERO'S ADVICES.
WASHINGTON, March 10.—The customs officials here have been notified of the reported raid by Mexicans in the State of Sonora with a view to inciting a revolution, nor have any instructions been sent to the customs officials to be on the lookout for the raiders.

Señor Romero, the Mexican minister here, however, has received information of the proposed invasion, but attaches no importance to the movement. He says the people engaged in it are cattle stealers and marauders, and but for the fact that they are likely to commit depredations and possibly kill a number of innocent people, their movements would be of no consequence. The leaders are men of no standing or character and represent no one but themselves, he added.

A LOVESICK RANCHER.

J. Hubert Wounds William Conroy and Then Kills Himself.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—There was a shooting affair in Watsonville in the rear of Jennie Watson's house of 11 fame this afternoon which resulted in the death of J. Hubert and the wounding of William Conroy. The affair grew out of jealousy.

Hubert was the foreman of the King ranch at King City, and came to Watsonville a month ago. He fell in love with Jennie Watson, who prior to that time had been living with Conroy, who is a horseherd. The woman became infatuated with Conroy, which angered Hubert so that when he saw Conroy in the woman's house today he shot him in the right thigh. Hubert then placed his pistol to his temple and fired a bullet into his brain. He died almost instantly. Conroy's wound is not serious.

A COURTESAN CHOKED.

Two Men Arrested on Suspicion—The "Denver Strangler."

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—The disreputable woman, who infected Fortson street and St. Mary's Place in this city are in a state of terror on account of the murder of two of their class within a month. Both women were strangled to death in their rooms, and in both cases the murderers have escaped. The victim in the case of the "Denver Strangler" was found dead early this morning. Two men who admit that they visited her shortly before her body was discovered have been arrested, but they deny all knowledge of the crime. Neither man is of the criminal class, and the police are inclined to believe their stories. The murders are similar in details to those among the same class of women in Denver and it is thought by some that the "Denver strangler" has come to San Francisco.

A Desperado Captured.

SAN JOSE, March 10.—August Halberstadt, alias Charles Miller, a desperado robber who escaped from the police on February 20, after a street battle in which nearly twenty shots were fired, has been arrested at Bakersfield by a city officer who came here to bring him back. Halberstadt was arrested here on February 20 for highway robbery and, on his way to jail, resisted the police and killed the officer. He did not succeed and a running fight ensued. The robber finally disappeared in the darkness. Halberstadt is a condemned criminal who has served several terms in prison for robbery.

Fresno's Chamber of Commerce.

FRESNO, March 10.—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce tonight it was decided to appoint a committee to formulate a plan for the organization of the raisin producers and packers in order to place the selling of the crop under one management. The committee will be given two weeks' time in which to make their report. A request from the New York Chamber of Commerce that the Fresno organization induce gold monometallism as a financial policy was referred to the Executive Committee. The desired action will not be taken.

Honored of Her Shame.

OAKLAND, March 10.—Benjamin L. Hill was placed on trial for his life today in the Superior Court. The charge is the murder of a woman on the evening of January 11 last. Hill shot

and killed his wife as the result of a dispute just before the shooting. Hill says his wife taunted him with her own infidelity and slapped his face. Her confession of extramarital love was temporarily insane, he says, and he shot her.

Soldiers Arrested for Felony.

SOLOMONSVILLE (Ariz.), March 10.—A criminal case out of the regular order developed here yesterday. Three soldiers and an Indian scout belonging to a troop stationed here went to the range and killed a steer, burying the hide and head. They were discovered, and on return to camp were arrested and the beef taken from their pack mule. They are now in jail for felony.

Waiting for Instructions.

STOCKTON, March 10.—The optimum directors are much annoyed by the delay in hearing from the Attorney-General of the State in regard to the collection of the shortage of the late secretary and treasurer, amounting to upward of \$10,000. The directors want to proceed against the board members in the Attorney-General's office, but the Attorney-General is waiting for instructions from the Attorney-General and he is ready to proceed, but lacks authority, which the Attorney-General can give him.

The Cook Who Was Shot.

STOCKTON, March 10.—Bernard Cook, the young man who was shot at the County Hospital by the discharged cook yesterday morning, is in a critical condition, but the doctors cannot predict the result yet. It is said, however, that he may die. He was very low further effort has been made to locate the bullet, but it is thought that it lies near the pelvis, having entered the small of the back and ranged downward.

Insane Commitments.

STOCKTON, March 10.—At the meeting of the asylum directors today it was stated that there were on the first of the month 1500 patients in the institution. San Francisco sent thirty-six crazy persons to this asylum last month.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

The London Daily News asserts that William Waldorf Astor has decided to leave the Pall Mall Magazine, to be editor of the Pall Mall Magazine, to be editor of the Pall Mall Magazine.

The collapse of the greater portion of the two-story frame factory building at Nos. 343 and 345 Broadway street, New York, last night, resulted in seriously injuring five persons, and nearly one hundred others had to escape.

A New York dispatch says that Col. Robert E. Clark died at his home in Brooklyn Monday night of pneumonia. Col. Clark was commander of the Thirtieth Regiment when it was ordered to Baltimore in 1861, having succeeded John B. Woodward.

Fire in the five-story warehouse and distillery of Milhovich, Fletcher & Co. on East Pearl street, Cincinnati, yesterday caused a loss of \$300,000, fully insured. Seventy-five persons were employed in the building, but as far as known, no one was injured.

A Cleveland dispatch says that at 7 o'clock Monday night a big steamship was noticed in the river north of there. No assistance could be rendered, as it was impossible for a tug to cross the ice. The river men are of the opinion that a vessel was burned and the crew was probably lost.

William McKensie and John Wilson, two of the most notorious safe-crackers and hold-ups in the country, have been arrested in Butte, Mont. They had been in the country for several days. Sunday they blew open a safe in Helena and stole several hundred dollars and two gold watches.

The Oxford congregation at London rejected yesterday all the proposals submitted for the previously defeated plan to confer the degree of bachelor of arts upon women, by a vote of 140 to 10. The other proposals regarding conferring diplomas or certificates were rejected by large majorities.

Lead Spector, chief rabbi of the Jewish church in all the Russias, is dead. A dispatch received by the Daily Jew says that the rabbi died at his home in the city of Kovno at 12:30 o'clock Sunday, after a lingering illness. He had been ill among both Jews and Gentiles of his country.

John Lyman, ex-Sheriff of Westchester county, N. Y., died Monday night at the home of his son, Addison J. Lyman, in Mt. Vernon, N. Y. He had been ill for several days. Lyman was 74 years old. He was a descendant of the Lyman family, which has been in the country since the seventeenth century.

Elephant Morgan, with a small party of friends, started for Florida over the Pennsylvania Railroad Monday night. The two elephants, which were named "Gertie" and "Morgan," were being sent to a circus in Florida. They were accompanied by a small party of friends, including a woman named "Morgan."

A dispatch from Salt Lake says that Gen. W. H. Penrose, commander at Fort Douglas, retired from the formal service of his country at noon yesterday, after devoting thirty-five years of his life to the service of his country. He was born in 1851 and was 44 years old when he was appointed commander of the fort. He has been in the service of his country since 1871.

A new suit was filed at Butte yesterday against the Butte and Boston Mining Company by E. Perkins. It is for \$32,516, and includes all claims in the former suit except that of \$12,700 due the Massachusetts Loan and Trust Company and for which no provision is made. A receiver will be appointed in the United States Court of Montana. This is a preliminary step in the reorganization of the company, which contemplates the formation of a new company to purchase the property of the present company, and the old company will be liquidated.

Joel Luman of Burtonville, Ky., 166 feet 4 inches tall and weighs 354 pounds, and he has a son and a daughter each exactly as tall as himself, though by no means as heavy.



Finest Beyond Question.

Smoke one Today

10c. 3 for 25c.
2 for 25c.

Harburger, Homan & Co.,
Makers,
New York.

WITH WATER,
\$25
An Acre.

Minneapolis Valley,

On the Santa Fe Route.
1 inch with each 5 acres.

TERMS:
\$10 an Acre Down,
2, 5 and 8 Years.

The best of Alfalfa and Deciduous Fruit Land. If looking for land to make a home, secure and investigate Minneapolis before buying.

For maps and full particulars call on
WILDE & STRONG,
General Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,
228 W. Fourth St.

Microbes that Do Good.

There are microbes which makes plants grow. It is the mysterious agent which enables all vegetable growths to absorb nitrogen, their chief food. Without it, assistance in life would be entirely impossible from the earth and in consequence mankind and animal life would perish. This beneficial micro-organism is so small that it can only be seen when magnified 800 diameters. It is shaped like a little ball. The microbes multiply at an enormous rate. Their business is to absorb nitrogen from the soil and let the plant absorb it from them. Recently an experiment was tried in Florida with a tract of ground which was barren and would produce nothing. It was found that the soil was right in nitrogen, but none of the microbeoc were present. So a number were introduced and a wonderful crop was the result. The microbes in some plants, such as peas, beans, etc., absorb nitrogen from the air. Nitrogen is the most valuable of plant foods, but is expensive, costing 18 cents a pound. Sometimes agriculturists put nitrogen on their fields when cheap potash would do as well. All the potash used in this country comes from a single mine in Germany. The deposits in that locality had their origin in sea water which, thousands of years ago, and which receded leaving lakes which communicated with the ocean by small channels. As the waters of these lakes evaporated they were constantly replenished through these channels. This continued until the deposits of salt reached a great thickness.

A Newspaper Man's Ideas.

Col. John A. Cockerill writes to the New York Herald from Korea that there is no earthly use for the United States maintaining a costly legation in that country; that an agent paid a couple of hundred dollars a year would be entirely competent to transact all the business such a legation has to attend to. He speaks in very high terms of the men constituting the legation service there, but maintains that there is next to nothing that they can effect, and that they are in the position of a man digging potatoes in the vicinity of a mine. There is about the only reason to believe that the colonel's conclusions are eminently sensible and just.

THE WHITE HOUSE
Dress
Linings.

We sell Dress Linings at a much lower price than regular dry goods stores. We don't try to make up losses in dress goods and domestics on linings. Ladies buy dress goods elsewhere and come to us for dress linings. We allow dress makers 10 per cent reduction. See our yard wide Fibre Chamolais at 12½c a yard.

\$105 Bicycles \$80.

Can you do as well anywhere? We're going out of the business; that's how we do it. They won't last long at prices like these.

96.. 28-Inch 26-Inch
Syracuse Rugby Rugby
(Crimson rim.)

\$80.00. \$50.00. \$40.00.

TUTTLE MERCANTILE CO.,
308-310 S. Broadway. Bradbury Building.

**All My Store,
All My Capital,
All My Experience**

Devoted to making a specialty of Men's and Boys' Shoes. My aim is to carry the largest stock and the greatest variety of these that there is in the state, and to prove to the public that by making this thing a specialty, I can and do furnish them better bargains than they can get in any general store. I have at the present moment newer, nicer, more stylish shoes and a greater variety of them, for Men and Boys, than I have ever seen in any other single store; and I know the prices are low. I feel perfectly confident that no buyer will look at my stock and go away dissatisfied.

**NOT ONLY BETTER GOODS
BUT LOWER PRICES,
IS MY MOTTO.**

**Come and See
Wm. Gibson
And Shoes Made on
The Gibson Model Last.**

No. 214 WEST THIRD ST. between Spring and Broadway.



**We are still
HOLDING DOWN
PRICES!**

LONDON CLOTHING COMPANY
Cor. Spring & Temple Sts.

Best Results

In watch repairing can only come from the highest skill. Only the very best workmen are employed in our repairing department, and we assure you of the best results. All work promptly executed.

LISSNER & CO.,
GOLDSMITHS,
SILVERSMITHS,
OPTICIANS,
SOUTH SPRING STREET,
Broadway and 13th St. Oakland, Cal.

The White
E. WINEBURGH, House,
Proprietor.

245 S. Broadway.
Nearly Opp. City Hall.

PENN'A DENTAL CO.
We guarantee painless extracting. A good set of teeth for \$5.00.
226 S. Spring St. Telephone 128.

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the
Circulation of the Los
Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES.	
For the week ending March 1, 1934.	
Monday	23,800
Tuesday	23,800
Wednesday	23,800
Thursday	23,800
Friday	23,800
Saturday	23,800
Total	142,800
For the week ending March 8, 1934.	
Monday	23,800
Tuesday	23,800
Wednesday	23,800
Thursday	23,800
Friday	23,800
Saturday	23,800
Total	142,800

NOTE—THIS TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 142,800 copies, is based on the seven days of the past week, viz., March 1, 1934, to March 7, 1934, inclusive. It is based on the actual circulation for each day of the week.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both weekly and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which carries their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.

LINES.

One cent a word for each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PROPERTY OWNERS—IF YOU WISH TO

dispose of your city and country property, for cash, trade or on terms, call on

CHAS. W. SEBKE, 228 W. First st.

REPUTABLE GUARANTEED PERMANENT

DR. WHITEHILL, 1194 S. Spring st.

OSTRICH FEATHERS CLEANED, DYED,

curled and remade. BOSTON STEAM DYE

WORKS, 225 N. Main st., Broadway.

BLACKMAN, THE GASOLINE STOVE RE-

PAIRER, at CASH & SMITH'S, 224 S. Spring

IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 950

to DE BUENA VISTA ST.

WANTED—Help, Male.

MUMFORD & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS,

(Successors to Petty, Hummel & Co.)

300-302 W. Second st., in basement

California Bank Building.

Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m., ex-

cept Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Man to pick pocket, make up per day;

to herd few cows, etc., good home;

American citizen, 35 yrs.; ranch hand who

can milk 10 cows, 2500 head of cattle;

salary, \$30 per week.

HOTEL DEPT.

Waiter, 45 yrs.; week; waiter, country

hotel, \$25 per week; first-class hotel waiter, \$30

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

per week; waiter, Santa Monica, \$20

LOCAL OIL MARKET.

HEADY, BUT AN ADVANCE IN PRICES ANTICIPATED.

Market Expected to Stiffen When the Enoch Talbot Comes Home.—Oil Exchange Continues to Make Sales at Present Prices—Field Notes.

Sales of oil at the exchange price—70 cents a barrel—are being made steadily and if the demand for the stuff continues as it is at present, a respectable advance may be soon looked for.

The exchange board of directors was to have met last Monday, but the death of ex-Secretary Cochran's son prevented the meeting. Maj. Cochran being a member of the board. The question arising of making the scale a peg or two would have been raised that day, and will be at the meeting next Monday.

DIRECTORS' POLICY.

The market hardly warrants an immediate raise, though, and it is not likely that oil will be "bullied" by the exchange, unless there is a fighting chance of making the advance stick. The directors realize that "to bite off more than they could chew" would be the worst sort of policy. Slow and sure wins the motto, and their success in bringing down the price of oil from \$1 a barrel within the past two months, indicates that the "sureness" part is the most conspicuous feature on the bill.

But while the exchange directors may not put oil up next week, they are certain to do so in the near future. When the war fleet leaves port, oil can be transported cheaply and successfully to San Francisco—and the first voyage of the Enoch Talbot will establish the reality. Many believe it will stiffen so suddenly that some people may be very greatly surprised. Conservative oilmen think that a barrel of oil will be worth about \$1.08 to \$1.10, and the passage of time will be good for oil more valuable.

ENOCH TALBOT'S TROUBLES.

The bark Enoch Talbot has thus far had a rough time of it, though Mr. Botsford says she is a little better now. Her misfortunes have been rather overdrawn. But very little oil was lost from the vessel, while she was at sea, as the tanks were measured when the vessel was refilled. She had nearly 600 barrels found to be almost full. No word has yet been received at the exchange of her departure for the north. While at the wharf at Los Angeles, nearly one thousand more barrels of oil will be loaded upon the vessel, making about 600 barrels which she will take to San Francisco.

DOHENY WAS NOT CAUGHT.

It has been reported through the field that E. L. Doheny, the pioneer oil man of the city, was caught short when the recent unexpected advance was made in the price of oil, the supposition being that he had made long contracts to deliver oil at the prevalent prices, supposing that he could buy the oil at the old price. He was in the field, he is also reputed to be the heaviest producer as well. Doheny last week bought two wells of Mr. Lathrop, and his sales are estimated to be good for 100 barrels a day.

NOTES FROM THE FIELD.

Beach, Young & Cochran are deepening their well on Temple near Figueroa street.

A depth of 880 feet has been reached in the new Carl Company's well at Belmont and Oil Company's east of Belmont avenue. First street and east of Belmont avenue. The hole is almost full of oil, and the drill is about seventy-five feet in sand.

The drill at the new Parker well on Metcalf street finished its work at 1000 feet, where it was about being put in. The well promises to make a good producer.

John Burns is preparing to do some dry work on the corner of Belmont and Temple, near Victor street.

In the Rex well No. 3, north of First and east of Belmont, the drill is down 980 feet, and is eighty feet in sand. The drill is in sand at a depth of 885 feet at Doheny & Connor's new well west of Belmont avenue.

The very good oil being pumped from the Scott & Loftus well near Belmont avenue.

A depth of 450 feet has been reached in the Carl Company's well at Union and Belmont avenues. The hole is almost expected to be reached at a depth of 800 or 900 feet.

CZARSKIE REQUESTS

The Jury Gave a Non-committal Verdict.

An inquest was held at Kregelo & Breese's yesterday morning over the body of Fred Czarские, the Hungarian saloon-keeper who died at the Receiving Hospital Monday, from a wound received Friday evening in a duel.

The evidence was conflicting, but in the main it seemed to show that Czarские and Bennett had both drunk enough to become quarrelsome. Czarские seems to have struck the first blow. It was asserted that he knocked Bennett down and tried to jump on him, but Bennett wriggled out of his grasp. Then Czarские went back and kicked and hit the barman. Two witnesses say that Bennett got up and made a sudden rush at Czarские, giving the latter a bloody nose. Others maintain that Czarские made a threatening movement and then became Czarские's attack.

Those who testified were Mrs. Louis Czarские, who lives at 1025 North Main street; James E. McDowell, the mortician; Dr. E. A. Bryant, the police surgeon; William Burke and Casey Castleman, the two local wheelmen who were with Bennett on the fatal night.

After weighing all the conflicting testimony, was rather non-committal. It said that Fred Czarские came to him with a knife wound by the hand of one Jim Bennett.

EXCURSION TRAINS FOR MONROVIA

Today via Santa Fe leave La Grande Station 7:10 a.m.; 8:20 a.m., 9 a.m., 1:35 p.m. Returning trains leave Monrovia at 10:25 a.m., 1:15 p.m., 4:15 p.m., 5:35 p.m. Round trip, etc.

UP TO DATE.

Not a day behind the times, but modern and absolutely safe, are the 1896 "Quick Meal" paper stoves, sold by the Cass & Smurr stove Co., Nos. 224 and 226 South Spring street.

DEATH RECORD.

CZARSKIE—in this city, March 9, Frederic Czarские, a native of Prussia, aged 40 years. Funeral Wednesday, March 11, from his late residence, No. 1025 North Main street, at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances, Romanians and Foreigners, are invited to attend the funeral service at 11 o'clock, March 11, at the Carline, wife of I. D. Rogers, aged 35 years.

The Times-Mirror Company,
PUBLISHERS OF
The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly
H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER, Vice-President. MARIAN OTIS CHANDLER, Secretary.
ALBERT MOFARLAND, Treasurer.
Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.
Counting Room, first floor (telephone 28). Subscription department in front basement (telephone 27). Editorial Room, second floor (telephone 674).
PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENTS: E. KATZ, 157 WORLD BUILDING, NEW YORK.

The Los Angeles Times
FOUNDED DECEMBER 4, 1881.

VOLUME XXX. FIFTEENTH YEAR.
FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 20,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES
DAILY by Carrier, 75 cents a month; by Mail, \$9.00 a year; SUNDAY, \$2.00; WEEKLY, \$1.30

Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 12 Mos. of 1895—15,111
Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES—The Old Lime Kiln.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.
BURBANK—Baby.

FILES OF THE TIMES.

Nearly complete files of the Los Angeles Daily Times for seven years back have recently been collected and arranged for the convenience of the public. Subscription Department, basement of the Times Building, entrance No. 239 First street.

THREE CENTS.

All persons have a right to purchase the week-day issues of The Times at the counter or of news agents and newsboys for 3 cents per copy. The Sunday Times is 5 cents.

HELP FOR THE ARMENIANS.

The Times will receive, turn over, account for, and publish a list of all moneys that may be contributed through it for the relief of the suffering Armenians.

THIS FAIR NEW WORLD.

In the present condition of the political world on this continent it is well that we make a somewhat closer study of the nations to the south of us than we have heretofore done. There are many intelligent people in the United States who are well informed as to European affairs, and the general condition of the Old World peoples, who have a very confused knowledge of affairs throughout the South American continent. They have the impression that the people of that vast continent are mostly employed in gigantic revolutions and devoting but little time to those things which tend to progress. But a general review of the situation throughout the South American states shows that the people of these states are not the laggards that so many have supposed them to be.

Their increased means of communication with the outside world has had a stimulating effect upon their civilization, as have also their largely developed means of international communication. They are no longer isolated states governed by despotic dictators, with all the power which controls law and order. The Argentine shows a stability in its political affairs that has scarcely been broken for many years, and the last attempted revolution in that section was very insignificant in its character and was speedily quelled.

Recent Brazilian difficulties, it is claimed, were wholly the result of a misunderstanding of some few of the leaders, and of the people, when action was taken to fully determine the form of government which was to control them. This matter being now satisfactorily settled that republic may hope for permanent peace and its attendant progress and prosperity.

Bolivia, the inland republic, has been perhaps, more subject to turmoil and revolutions than most of its sister states. But as its means of communication are increased the likelihood of revolutions is radically decreased. There is no civilizer like the railroad. It carries with it the throbs of progress and the energy of advancement. It is the isolated nations of the earth who are given to quarrels. Those who know relatively little of the outside world are apt to be supercilious and defiant. But the railroad is now pushing its way through almost every section of South America. Lines are multiplying everywhere in the Argentine Republic, which already possesses a system which is extensive and valuable. Brazil is throwing out all her great features of civilization into all her densely populated districts, and into the heart of her agricultural centers, and her steamers are everywhere dotting her different ports. She has organized steamship companies which are successful rivals of British lines in the commerce of that western coast. Ecuador and Peru, with the establishment of peace with the other states along the lines of progress, and Venezuela is governed by a man of military will-force, and of clear intellectual foresight, and after the adjustment of existing differences that country can but advance rapidly in development and civilization.

The people at large in these South American states are not as advanced and liberal, perhaps, as those inhabiting the large cities and commercial centers. The capital cities of South America, beautiful and attractive as they are, are the work of a civilized people. Some of them are cities of palaces, and it is stated that "Buenos Ayres, a city of over 700,000 inhabitants, is better paved, better lighted, and better cleaned than New York, and street cars run through nearly every street." Other cities there are that fall so far behind this in

grandeur and all modern improvements, and upon them an industrial era is settling down, manufactures are increasing and growing rapidly in importance. Literature is advancing, an enlightened press is growing in power and influence. The fifteen republics of South America are losing somewhat of the belligerent spirit that formerly characterized them, and many of their disputes have of late been amicably adjusted by means of arbitration, and the outlook for the future is more hopeful than ever before.

With peace will naturally come the more rapid development of the marvelous rich resources of South America, and a richer industrial era will dawn that can but tend to continued growth and quiet.

Already we hear the hurried steps onward, and we believe that all this New World is the destined heritage of Freedom. No despot's heel shall be upon our shores. Foreign intervention in the affairs of American republics shall not be tolerated, and the Monroe doctrine shall yet be acknowledged by all the crowned heads of the Old World.

QUAY'S PLATFORM.

The platform on which Senator Quay bases his Presidential boomlet is: "More protection, more money, more public improvements and municipal reform." This is anticlimactic. It is also unique. The subject of municipal reform, while to be commended in its place, is as appropriate in a Presidential platform as a resolution on international law in a township caucus. "More public improvements" is more or less, as Gen. Hancock said of the tariff, a "local issue," and "more money," whatever Mr. Quay may mean by this clause, will always find endorsement in its personal application to the elector.

In the first "plank" of his platform the Pennsylvania Senator has, however, touched upon an issue which is to be of paramount importance in the coming campaign. No amount of effort on the part of Democrats, Populists or silverites, or of all the rag-tag and bob-tail combined, will avail to divert popular attention from the issue of protection to American industries. The object-lesson taught by the Wilson-Gorman act is one which has already been learned by the people at large. The results of this act, compared with those of the preceding McKinley law, present too marked a contrast, and are too plainly and too severely felt by the men of the factories and the fields, to be forgotten in the contest.

Never before in any national campaign has a single issue assumed more commanding importance than that of protection to American labor and American industries will assume in the coming contest. This being true, it would be an act of folly to put forward as the standard-bearer of the Republican party any other man than William McKinley, the profoundest student, the chief apostle, and the ablest exponent of the doctrine of protection.

The New York Sun of March 1 contains the following: "It was, indeed, an honor that was conferred upon Mrs. Clara Foltz, when Gen. Tracy appeared before the appellate division of the Supreme Court of the State of New York for the purpose of presenting her credentials as a candidate for admission to the New York bar, accompanying the letter with a certificate of qualifications bearing the signature of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of California, at the bar of which State she has practiced for seventeen years. Presiding Justice Van Brunt courteously received the papers, with an indication that Gen. Tracy's motion would be granted. When granted, Mrs. Foltz will have a standing at our bar the same as that of the Hon. Joseph H. Choate, the sixty-year-old man eloquent; the Hon. Frederic R. Coudert, the Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, or any other lawyer. May she honor the distinguished place which she has won. We cannot think of the name of any woman lawyer in this part of the country who has yet gained the very highest fame in the legal profession, or in any branch of it. But there is still opportunity for every aspiring woman, married or single, who has made a study of the law in any of the several law schools for women. We have but one advisory word for each of them: Advance!"

Maj. McCloughry of the Pontiac (Ill.) Reform School, suggests a remedy for the tramp evil. Labor, he says, is the only cure. As no tramp can be bribed to work, labor should be made compulsory. "I would put the tramp to work wherever found and make him earn his food and lodging. To do that I would want a law declaring vagrancy a crime. When tramps are willing to work I would have work for them to do. If unwilling to work they should be imprisoned and compelled to work long enough to break

up the tramp habit." The remedy suggested is a good one, and if thoroughly applied would no doubt accomplish the desired reform. But Maj. McCloughry should not lay the flattering unction to his soul, that he has made an original discovery. The suggested remedy is as old as is the tramp evil itself.

The ordinance reported on Monday by the City Attorney prohibiting the tying of teams on certain main thoroughfares of the city, is a move in the right direction; but it might properly be amended in some particulars. Instead of forbidding the tying of teams on the streets named, it might be well to prohibit their standing on those streets for a greater length of time, say, than for half an hour at one place. An ordinance merely prohibiting the tying of teams along the main streets would not reach all offenders. No team should be allowed to stand on the main streets more than half an hour, at the most, if indeed so long a time may properly be permitted. The streets are for traffic, and it is an abuse to convert them into livery and feed stables. "Move on."

John L. Sullivan has delivered himself in regard to the duties and responsibilities of statesmen. John so much of a civil-service reformer as a criminal-service reformer. What he wants is to lead the masses to a greater appreciation of human brutality, so to speak.

McKinley enthusiasm ran high at the Ohio Republican convention yesterday. It was not the "favorite son" style of enthusiasm, but was so broad and catholic that the entire nation can endorse it. The McKinley tidal wave is rising all along the line.

The recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States sustains the interstate commerce law in its most rigid provisions, and makes it possible to subject the railroads of the country to absolute government control. This a consummation devoutly to be wished.

Gen. Manderson of Nebraska has written a letter to an Omaha friend, denying in emphatic terms that his candidacy for the Presidency is part of a plan to defeat McKinley. The denial was necessary; but it is not entirely convincing.

The "ruling passion strong in death" was conspicuously illustrated by Senator Weissinger of Kentucky. His last words were: "Violet, stand firm, stand firm; never vote for Blackburn and free silver."

The British Blue Book on the Venezuelan question seems to be principally valuable as a curiosity in the field of archeology.

Whatever may be thought of King Humbert's judgment in the present crisis, there is no question as to his nerve.

If Italy loses her position in the Dreabund, will there still be a Zweibund?

FOR THE NEWSBOYS' HOME.

The Subscription Started for Purchasing Needed Property.

Inasmuch as the board of managers of the News and Working Boys' Home Society has obtained an option for ninety (90) days, to purchase the property at No. 836 Wall street, for four thousand (\$4000) dollars cash, said property consisting of a lot fifty (50) feet front on said Wall street, by a uniform depth of two hundred and forty-five (245) feet, with a ten (10) room house, and other improvements thereon, for permanent home for said society, we the undersigned, do hereby promise to pay Mrs. M. E. Threlkeld, or order, president of the same, the several sums set opposite our respective names below, payable on demand, for the purpose of purchasing the above-named property, for the use of said society. These several amounts are subscribed by us, and will be promptly paid, whenever the aggregate sum of four thousand (\$4000) dollars is subscribed, and that the said property is to be free of all incumbrance, and a certificate of clear title and proper deed is furnished.

On hand from other sources	\$500.00
Burbank Theater Benefit	215.70
John F. Francis	20.00
Mrs. Emeline Childs	100.00
A. M. Osmun	100.00
Mary E. Francis	25.00
T. D. Stimson	50.00
H. Newmark & Co.	20.00
A. Friend	5.00
Mrs. J. H. Jones	25.00
Grace M. E. Church, East First street, by W. A. Knight	7.10
S. F. Hutchison	20.00
E. B. Threlkeld	10.00
P. A. Commercial Company, by C. E. Packard, manager	5.00
D. Sale	10.00
J. R. Newberry & Co.	10.00
John D. Bicknell	10.00
E. B. Blackstone & Co.	10.00
H. Jevne	10.00
J. M. Hale & Co.	25.00
Total	\$2138.80

Licensed to Wed.

William H. Jones, 29 years of age, a native of Missouri and a resident of Los Angeles, and Delphina Gallardo, a native of California, aged 21, and residing in Los Angeles.

A. Kleckner, born in Pennsylvania 30 years ago, and a resident of this city, and May L. Jones, 23 years old, a native of this State and a resident of this city.

Alfred Drake, 23 years old, a native New Yorker and a resident of El Monte, and Myra Maxon, 22 years old, a native California and residing in El Monte.

Morton A. Kiehnaber, born in Indiana 34 years ago and a resident of Orange, and Ada M. Packer, aged 30, a native of California and living in Los Angeles. Frank G. Mason, born in Indiana 22 years ago and a resident of this city, and Ada Spear, a native of Nevada, aged 19, and living in this city.

(Santa Barbara News) The population of Los Angeles and the immediate surroundings is now given at about 100,000. On Sundays the Temescal road and the southern Pacific's branch which runs from the city to the Beach at San Pedro are thronged with people. Los Angeles deserves her prosperity. She has earned the title the "Metropolis of the South."

PITH OF THE COAST PRESS.

(San Francisco Bulletin.) And now the question comes up: Have the Fresno rabbits any rights as belligerents?

(Santa Ana Herald.) Senator Tillman says he has "risen from the ranks," and the "ranks" no doubt feel greatly relieved.

(Pasadena Star.) A letter yesterday to William Forbes, "Boss" dena, got here all the same. Anything with "dena" seems to hit us.

(Phoenix Gazette.) Ella Wheeler Wilcox says that "love is a current from a strong dynamo." Perhaps that accounts for the many shocking things done in its name.

(San Bernardino Times-Index.) Harmony is a splendid thing when it's your harmony, but when it belongs to you may become the property of the other fellow—just as it is with everybody thought he was a Prohibitionist.

(Pomona Progress.) If the new system of photography could be utilized in the geography class, it would discover their content before breaking them, how much unpleasantness it would sometimes save.

(San Jacinto Register.) The Democratic party is confronted by the ugly fact that it cannot nominate a northern man for President this year without taking him from a Republican State.

(Redlands Citigraph.) We notice another meeting of San Francisco manufacturers to devise means for a remedy for the business. As usual, they are trying every means but the right one—judicious advertising.

(Pasadena Star.) A meteorite weighing 135 pounds, and of the type of the Natural History store window. It was picked up in Arizona by Maj. H. R. Rust, and is composed of an extremely hard iron.

(San Francisco Examiner.) The gentlemen who are shipping away gold so as to avoid the payment of taxes upon it are not far from the mark. There are only a few given the privilege of going into the confidence business on so highly respectable a basis.

(San Bernardino Times-Index.) James R. Campbell, who lives on the Barton Ranch, was displaying some of the finest naval oranges this morning at the fair. Several of them measured 1 1/4 inches in circumference and weighed 2 1/2 ounces.

(Globe, Wash., Post-Intelligencer.) Those who think that Seattle is forging to the front as a divorce milling center are respectfully informed that she is far from it. There have been forty more divorces than there were weddings in Fresno, Cal., last year.

(Perside Enterprise.) A bloomed bicycle young lady was compelled to either run over a man or run into the water canal on Eighth street the other day. She chose the canal, and the bloomed boy was hung out to dry immediately thereafter.

(Moreno Indicator.) The wall of the festive coyote is heard nightly near the town of Moreno. It is the cry of a politician in his way and only a little in advance of some other of the day. He would like to have mutton on the table list as well as a pig.

(Fallbrook Observer.) Two surveyors are in town this week, who announce that they will survey the Palomares tract, a local paper, and that the land will be immediately placed on the market. The grant contains over 4500 acres, all desirable land.

(Pomona Progress.) No one could have received more extended mention throughout the country of late than that of Mrs. Porter of Hillsboro, not far from San Francisco, who has her "umbrella" changed at the Congregational Church two Sundays ago, and, although she got the better of the rain, she would be glad to change back again.

(Lompoc Journal.) The Guadalupe flea is provided with a lance and cutting apparatus which is exactly like a military razor. These instruments are carefully tucked away in his proboecis and used for blood-letting purposes. He usually proscribes forty different places on a man's body in the space of two minutes.

(Santa Barbara Herald.) The running of the noon train to Ellwood to connect with the north and south coast "gaps" began last Sunday, and reporters for the local dailies took advantage of an invitation to ride and report on the new region thus opened up. The reports in Monday's editions are equal in some respects Stanley's discoveries in "Darkest Africa."

(San Bernardino Times-Index.) The efforts of the Southern Pacific to secure coal near Solomonville have proven a failure so far. The eyes of railroad men are now turned to the coal fields of the county, on the San Carlos Indian Reservation. On agent of the Interior Department is now on the ground, and the result will be of great importance.

(Redondo Breeze.) The Board of Trustees at present have their hands full. Two very important matters are now before them, and to arrive at a just conclusion will take considerable time and study. The electric-lighting franchise is another matter, and the result will be looked forward to very anxiously by our citizens.

(Seattle, Wash., Post-Intelligencer.) The woman who was charged with the murder of a man in the city of Seattle was obliged to shut down for want of a market. The American people are not yet educated up to using the electric light, and the result will be looked forward to very anxiously by our citizens.

(Bakersfield Californian.) The historical row between the monkey and the parrot was not a circumstance by comparison with the verbal fight between Col. Irish, Gov. Budd and others interested in the Home for the Blind. Honors are pretty evenly divided. So far as use of picturesque and vigorous English is concerned, Irish is away ahead, in giving cogent reasons for the removal of the monkey from the situation. In the meantime the public heartily enjoys the fight.

(Kingman, Ariz., Miner.) A short time ago the editor of the local paper wrote our delegate in Congress, N. O. Murphy, relative to the Wallapai Indian Reservation asking him to use his influence to have the reservation set aside for the government. A letter was received from Delegate Murphy this week informing us that the Indians were not to be disturbed, and that the reservation would be restored to the public domain in a few months.

(Anahem Independent.) The success of our electric-light system is attracting attention from all directions. Riverside Trustees were very well pleased with it. Santa Ana people are considering the propriety of following the example of our city, and Board and arranging to own their own lights, and from all who have investigated our system comes the verdict that it is one of the best and most successful plants in the State. The Board of Trustees may well feel proud of their work in putting in and maintaining a plant of this character, and admiration of all who have seen it and become acquainted with its successful operation.

PERSONALS.

W. W. Reed of New York is at the Nadeau.
J. S. Hackley of Louisville, Ky., is at the Nadeau.
H. Goddard of London, Eng., is at the Hollenbeck.

A. R. Dawson of Deadwood, Dak., is at the Hollenbeck.
Simon Meyer of Philadelphia is registered at the Westminster.
S. S. Norman of St. Louis is registered at the Nadeau.

Carl L. Stebbins of Springfield, Mass., is at the Westminster.
Miss Walsh of Washington, D. C., is a guest at the Westminster.
A. B. Starr of Pittsburgh, Pa., is a guest at the Westminster.

E. M. McIntyre and wife of Dayton, O., are at the Westminster.
Frank, Maj. J. B. Stracy, Maj. C. H. Villiers, Capt. K. C. Kincaid Smith, Capt. C. L. Monroe, Capt. C. H. Foley, Capt. E. S. Holden, Capt. C. P. Lindell and Lieut. H. M. Grenfell, charged with violating the foreign enlistment act, passed in 1870, "to regulate the conduct of Her Majesty's subjects during the existence of hostilities between foreign states with which Her Majesty is at peace."

The Transvaal filibusters were loudly cheered whenever recognized, and there was hearty applause for "Joe" Chamberlain. Newspaper representatives were present by the score from many parts of the world. In the audience were the Duke of Abercorn, chairman of the British Chartered South African Company, Earl and Lady Grey, and other people equal in importance. Had it not been for the tense demeanor of the Chief Justice, a popular demonstration would have occurred at the opening of the court. The English crowd on both sides is formidable. Sir John Bridge, the chief magistrate, presided. Sir Richard Webster opened for the crown. He dwelt in forcible language upon the gravity of the charge against the prisoners, contending that the South African republic was a friendly state within the empire, and that the enlistment act, and holding that Bechuanaland, whence most of Jameson's troops came, was a subjectly part of the British dominions. Sir Richard reviewed the circumstances of the notorious raid, and mentioned a speech which Col. R. E. Grey made to the Bechuanaland police on the morning of the raid, in which he said: "I cannot tell you we are going by the Queen's orders but we are going to fight on the same terms as the British flag in South Africa."

The address of Sir Richard Webster was listened to with great interest. As the prisoners began to look nervous and worried, the examination had not realized the gravity of their situation. The first witness called was Sergeant Hay of Bechuanaland, a typical trooper.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourned for one week.

Corporal Smith of the Bechuanaland police testified that Dr. Jameson made a speech to the troops on the morning of December 29, and read them a letter signed by Messrs. Hammond, Farrar, Phillips and Leonard of Johannesburg. The speech was a plea for the Bechuanaland police to join the expedition upon behalf of the people of Johannesburg, who, it was claimed, were in danger from the threatening attitude of the Boers.

According to Corporal Smith, Dr. Jameson told the troops that he did not believe in the Boer cause, and that he was only doing it for the sake of the money. Later ammunition and rations were served out and the troops started on their march across the frontier of the Transvaal.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourned for one week.

Corporal Smith of the Bechuanaland police testified that Dr. Jameson made a speech to the troops on the morning of December 29, and read them a letter signed by Messrs. Hammond, Farrar, Phillips and Leonard of Johannesburg. The speech was a plea for the Bechuanaland police to join the expedition upon behalf of the people of Johannesburg, who, it was claimed, were in danger from the threatening attitude of the Boers.

According to Corporal Smith, Dr. Jameson told the troops that he did not believe in the Boer cause, and that he was only doing it for the sake of the money. Later ammunition and rations were served out and the troops started on their march across the frontier of the Transvaal.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourned for one week.

Corporal Smith of the Bechuanaland police testified that Dr. Jameson made a speech to the troops on the morning of December 29, and read them a letter signed by Messrs. Hammond, Farrar, Phillips and Leonard of Johannesburg. The speech was a plea for the Bechuanaland police to join the expedition upon behalf of the people of Johannesburg, who, it was claimed, were in danger from the threatening attitude of the Boers.

According to Corporal Smith, Dr. Jameson told the troops that he did not believe in the Boer cause, and that he was only doing it for the sake of the money. Later ammunition and rations were served out and the troops started on their march across the frontier of the Transvaal.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourned for one week.

Corporal Smith of the Bechuanaland police testified that Dr. Jameson made a speech to the troops on the morning of December 29, and read them a letter signed by Messrs. Hammond, Farrar, Phillips and Leonard of Johannesburg. The speech was a plea for the Bechuanaland police to join the expedition upon behalf of the people of Johannesburg, who, it was claimed, were in danger from the threatening attitude of the Boers.

According to Corporal Smith, Dr. Jameson told the troops that he did not believe in the Boer cause, and that he was only doing it for the sake of the money. Later ammunition and rations were served out and the troops started on their march across the frontier of the Transvaal.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourned for one week.

Corporal Smith of the Bechuanaland police testified that Dr. Jameson made a speech to the troops on the morning of December 29, and read them a letter signed by Messrs. Hammond, Farrar, Phillips and Leonard of Johannesburg. The speech was a plea for the Bechuanaland police to join the expedition upon behalf of the people of Johannesburg, who, it was claimed, were in danger from the threatening attitude of the Boers.

According to Corporal Smith, Dr. Jameson told the troops that he did not believe in the Boer cause, and that he was only doing it for the sake of the money. Later ammunition and rations were served out and the troops started on their march across the frontier of the Transvaal.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourned for one week.

Corporal Smith of the Bechuanaland police testified that Dr. Jameson made a speech to the troops on the morning of December 29, and read them a letter signed by Messrs. Hammond, Farrar, Phillips and Leonard of Johannesburg. The speech was a plea for the Bechuanaland police to join the expedition upon behalf of the people of Johannesburg, who, it was claimed, were in danger from the threatening attitude of the Boers.

According to Corporal Smith, Dr. Jameson told the troops that he did not believe in the Boer cause, and that he was only doing it for the sake of the money. Later ammunition and rations were served out and the troops started on their march across the frontier of the Transvaal.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourned for one week.

Corporal Smith of the Bechuanaland police testified that Dr. Jameson made a speech to the troops on the morning of December 29, and read them a letter signed by Messrs. Hammond, Farrar, Phillips and Leonard of Johannesburg. The speech was a plea for the Bechuanaland police to join the expedition upon behalf of the people of Johannesburg, who, it was claimed, were in danger from the threatening attitude of the Boers.

"DR. JIM" ON TRIAL.

THE TRANSVAAL RAIDER TAKEN INTO COURT.
A Large Crowd Attends the Examination in Bow-street Police Court—The Filibusters Loudly Cheered.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
LONDON, March 10.—(By Atlantic Cable.) There was a large crowd about the Bow-street Police Court today, the occasion being the formal arraignment of Dr. Leander L. Jameson, Maj. John Willoughby, Hon. Charles John Coventry, Col. White, Col. R. Grey, Maj. R. White, Maj. J. B. Stracy, Maj. C. H. Villiers, Capt. K. C. Kincaid Smith, Capt. C. L. Monroe, Capt. C. H. Foley, Capt. E. S. Holden, Capt. C. P. Lindell and Lieut. H. M. Grenfell, charged with violating the foreign enlistment act, passed in 1870, "to regulate the conduct of Her Majesty's subjects during the existence of hostilities between foreign states with which Her Majesty is at peace."

The Transvaal filibusters were loudly cheered whenever recognized, and there was hearty applause for "Joe" Chamberlain. Newspaper representatives were present by the score from many parts of the world. In the audience were the Duke of Abercorn, chairman of the British Chartered South African Company, Earl and Lady Grey, and other people equal in importance. Had it not been for the tense demeanor of the Chief Justice, a popular demonstration would have occurred at the opening of the court. The English crowd on both sides is formidable. Sir John Bridge, the chief magistrate, presided. Sir Richard Webster opened for the crown. He dwelt in forcible language upon the gravity of the charge against the prisoners, contending that the South African republic was a friendly state within the empire, and that the enlistment act, and holding that Bechuanaland, whence most of Jameson's troops came, was a subjectly part of the British dominions. Sir Richard reviewed the circumstances of the notorious raid, and mentioned a speech which Col. R. E. Grey made to the Bechuanaland police on the morning of the raid, in which he said: "I cannot tell you we are going by the Queen's orders but we are going to fight on the same terms as the British flag in South Africa."

The address of Sir Richard Webster was listened to with great interest. As the prisoners began to look nervous and worried, the examination had not realized the gravity of their situation. The first witness called was Sergeant Hay of Bechuanaland, a typical trooper.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourned for one week.

Corporal Smith of the Bechuanaland police testified that Dr. Jameson made a speech to the troops on the morning of December 29, and read them a letter signed by Messrs. Hammond, Farrar, Phillips and Leonard of Johannesburg. The speech was a plea for the Bechuanaland police to join the expedition upon behalf of the people of Johannesburg, who, it was claimed, were in danger from the threatening attitude of the Boers.

According to Corporal Smith, Dr. Jameson told the troops that he did not believe in the Boer cause, and that he was only doing it for the sake of the money. Later ammunition and rations were served out and the troops started on their march across the frontier of the Transvaal.

Hay testified to the mustering in of troops at Mafeking, and to the endeavor of Jameson and Col. Grey to induce him and a few comrades to join a body of men being equipped for a march toward Johannesburg. Sgt. Hay said that Jameson and his troops expressed annoyance at the fact that the British government was not joining in the expedition. After the formal evidence had been given, the examination was adjourn

THE WEATHER.

DAILY BULLETIN.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles.
March 10.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.07; at 5 p.m., 30.11. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 48 deg. and 69 deg. Relative humidity, 6 a.m., 86; 5 p.m., 31.—Wind, 5 a.m., south, velocity 1 m.p.h.; 5 p.m., northwest, velocity 4 miles. Maximum temperature, 69 deg.; minimum temperature, 52 deg. Character of weather, clear.
Barometer reduced to sea level.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
WEATHER BUREAU. Reports received at Los Angeles, Cal., on March 10. GEORGE E. FRANKLIN, Observer. Observations taken at all stations at 8 p.m. 7th meridian time.
Place of Observation. Ref. Ther.
Los Angeles, clear..... 30.12 70
San Diego, clear..... 30.16 68
San Luis Obispo, clear..... 30.16 68
Paso, clear..... 30.14 72
San Francisco, clear..... 30.16 68
Eureka, clear..... 30.18 62
Portland, clear..... 30.20 58

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Riverside people are endeavoring to induce the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific Company to occupy a union depot and enter that city on the same track. That would be an innovation in the country.

Susan B. Anthony's lieutenant, on her present trip to Southern California, is Miss Emma B. Sweet of Rochester, N. Y. Already the irreverent paragrapher suggests the name of "Sweet Emma" for this talented lieutenant. She is really a charming woman, and as she is a "B. Sweet," another irreverent thinks that Emma is sweeter than the honey dew. At all events, Susan and Emma are welcome to this sunny clime most heartily.

No longer is the "City of Angels" to be scoffed at as a "jay" town. The Council, unless it signs fail, is going to pass an ordinance making it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment, for the granger, and other people as well, to tie a horse, mule or beast of burden on certain streets in limits prescribed by the ordinance. Those folks who have long used the busy highways of Los Angeles as a temporary stable for their steeds, will be inclined to grovel at this ordinance, but the rest of the populace will welcome such a measure as a means of the new law will produce. It may be discovered that the use of a twenty-pound hitching weight may evade the penalty for "lying."

The question of decorating the streets, which is now being considered by a special committee of the Flauta Association, has brought very plain before the minds of the members the disadvantages that attach to the present system of stringing wires thickly over the streets. For one thing, it has made it almost impossible to erect arches, which have been a pleasing feature of the decorations in other cities. If this were the only drawback it would not matter much, but these wires are not only permanently disfiguring to the streets; they are a source of great danger in case of fire. It is to be hoped that the time is not far distant when wires of every description will be placed underground, where they belong.

Much "guff" is being indulged in by some who urge the appointment of fruit inspectors in Los Angeles, and advocate the giving to the Health Officer and his deputies the authority of such an appointment. It is a preposterous idea, that with frozen oranges and such "truck" on sale in the markets of the city, the Health Officer must needs wait for authority from the Council to confiscate the fruit and punish the merchant who sells it. If a systematic and thorough inspection of all the produce brought into the city was contemplated, the appointment would be proper, but for the custodian of the city's health to wait for such appointment before doing his evident duty would be carelessness with a large C.

Lack of numbers may not be proof of lack of merit, but it indicated that, and a barrelful of other things yesterday, when, at the widely-advertised and loudly-vaunted meeting of the "Bimetallic party," when "strong resolutions" were to be adopted and a "national movement inaugurated," and the "opening gun" fired, and the rest of the pompous programme carried out, not one of the 100,000 men, women and children of Los Angeles city cared to go near the affair, which, from lack of interest in it, simply did not materialize. Uncharitable folks will perhaps remark that interest in the "Bimetallic boomers" is not at flood tide, which, while true, is stating the case with too much moderation. The great plain people simply do not give a tinker's cuss for what the "boomers" may think, say, do, promise or perform.

The patriotic emotions of San Diego people are aroused. Policeman Manuel Ferrer, brother-in-law of Mayor Carlson, insulted the United States flag. The officer was formally charged with the insult before the Police Commissioners. The commissioners summarily dismissed the offender from the force. The offender's defender was Mayor Carlson. He voted to retain as a city official a man who had insulted Old Glory. San Diegans condemn such a defense. They are amazed that a man of Spanish blood, who constantly insults the nation's flag, should be defended by Carlson, even though the offender is his brother-in-law. Carlson proposes to fight for the insult in the courts. It is to be hoped that the slightest insult to the Stars and Stripes may be made odious and that this Spanish-American Carlislean-protected policeman may be made to feel that Old Glory must be revered.

Lottery Tickets.
Deputy Constables Quinn and James were hunting for Chinamen last evening. They captured six wily Celestials against whom complaints had been sworn out for selling lottery tickets. Those captured were Ah Young, Wang Chung, Luey Sing, Kean Sing, Wa Yuen and Ah Tim.

EXCURSION TO ELSINORE HOT SPRINGS.

Saturday, March 14th, Via Santa Fe. An ideal spot, located in the heart of the mountains on the shore of Elsinore Lake. Fine hotel, good hunting and fishing, mud and mineral baths. Three hours from Los Angeles. Round trip, \$3, tickets good returning within ten days.

NOTICE.
Hereafter the Flowering Herb Remedy Company will receive no visitors on Sundays or on Wednesday afternoons.

A DETECTIVE'S TALK

=June days,
=Sunny days,
AT
William A. Pinkerton is in Los Angeles.

Why Jewelers Are So Seldom Robbed.

A Celebrated Crook Who Worked a San Francisco Bank—Final Punishment is Almost Inevitable. The Los Angeles Police.

William A. Pinkerton, one of the most celebrated of living detectives, is spending a few days in Los Angeles. He arrived at the Westminster Hotel yesterday morning and spent the afternoon calling on friends and wandering about the city.

It was half a century ago that Allan Pinkerton, the Scotch detective, organized an American detective agency. From a small beginning the enterprise grew and developed amazingly. When Allan Pinkerton died, in 1884, he left the business to his sons, William and Robert Pinkerton. The sons inherited the father's skill, and the agency has grown under their care until it employs a thousand detectives, covering the United States from end to end. Besides this force of detectives, the firm employs thousands of patrolmen, having agencies for supplying night watchmen, etc., in big cities like Chicago and Denver.

Mr. Pinkerton had just finished writing a telegram last evening when a Times reporter accosted him in the lobby of the Westminster Hotel. He led him to a seat and then fell to chatting pleasantly about his work.

"The chief errand which brought me to California," he said, "was to see about the establishment of a branch of the Pinkerton Detective Agency in San Francisco. There is an organization known as the Jewellers' Security Alliance, whose chief object is to protect jewelers from having their safes robbed, and helping to catch the thief and recover the stolen goods in case a robbery occurs. Another organization of jewelers, the Jewellers' Protective Association, is designed to protect traveling salesmen from robbery. Working together, these two organizations rob the principal jewelers of the country, and their united aid to catch the thief and recover the plunder."

"For a number of years we have been employed by these associations to do all their detective work. In the seven years we have been employed in this capacity, in not a single instance have we failed to bring the criminals to justice, and but once to recover the property. It has become so widely known in criminal circles that to rob a jeweler means inevitable detection, that crooks seldom dare to attempt such a thing. It has been four years since a jeweller's drummer has been molested. Did you notice that I was just sending a telegram when you came? That was to the superintendent of our Denver agency, giving him instructions as to the handling of a diamond robbery committed in that city Monday evening. An unknown man snatched a tray containing forty diamonds, valued at \$5000, from a showcase, and made his escape. That is the first robbery of the kind that has occurred for three years."

"Another department of our business is our work for the protective branch of the American Bankers' Association. Over 2700 banks have banded together to protect themselves against forgers and bank-robbers. We have been employed to do the detective work. We have prepared a bulky volume containing pictures, descriptions and histories of all the noted crooks of America and accounts of their methods of work. We keep added to this valuable fund of information every time a new crook is captured and send a description to the banks which are members of the association. Every time we discover a new and unique way in which banks are being defrauded, we at once warn the association."

"This promises to wipe out the trade of Judas Iscariot and cheating as effectively as our work for the Jewellers stopped the diamond-robberies. The case of the forger Dean is a good example of the way the work is done."

"Several months ago a man appeared in San Francisco who gave the name of A. H. Dean. He represented himself as a wealthy grain merchant. He opened an account with the Nevada Bank of San Francisco by depositing \$4000 or \$5000, and from day to day drew checks or deposited more money. At last, on December 13, he presented a draft for \$22,000 drawn by the Woodlands Bank upon the Crocker & Woolworth Bank of San Francisco. He asked for \$20,000 of the money. It was promptly paid and Dean fled from San Francisco. It was soon discovered that Dean had changed the draft from \$12 to \$22,000. "Capt. Lees, head of the San Francisco detective force, made an exhaustive search and found the room which Dean had made his headquarters. From descriptions furnished by several persons, Capt. Lees with great skill made a composite description which he sent out over the country."

"Two weeks ago Robert Pinkerton received word from the head man of the Minneapolis agency that a man representing himself as a lumberman, was doing business with the Union Bank, and another bank of Minneapolis, of whom the bank officials felt suspicious. Our Minneapolis detectives kept close track of the fellow. With a confederate, he bought small sums at Duluth and other places, intending to raise them to larger sums by forgery. The detectives captured the pair just as they were about to swindle the two Minneapolis banks out of large sums. The first gave his name as J. M. Shaw. He was identified by our album of crooks as Joe McKinstry, who is generally known as "the King of the Thieves," an all-round crook who has served terms in several penitentiaries—five years in Ohio, ten years in Sing Sing and ten years in Maryland. The other called himself H. M. Woods. He was identified as Frank L. Seaver, a rascal who had served a term in Illinois for counterfeiting, a term in Maryland for forgery and a term in Sing Sing for counterfeiting. It was in the Maryland penitentiary that the acquaintance of his confederate, Seaver, was further identified as A. H. Dean, the man who had worked the Nevada Bank of San Francisco."

"As soon as he had learned of the capture—the very same day—Capt. Lees got the San Francisco grand jury to issue an indictment against Dean. The rascal is now on his way to San Francisco and will arrive Thursday. "This shows how certain and inevitable a fate now awaits a forger or safecracker."

"Under our contracts with the bankers and the jewelers it is necessary for us to cover the whole country. We have had an agency in Portland for some time and now I have just started one in San Francisco."

"We shall not at present start an agency here. Los Angeles already has some excellent private detective agencies. The Los Angeles police detectives are of the best order. I am greatly pleased with the Los Angeles police force. It is one of the best in the country. It is well organized and efficient. I think this is largely due to the character of the man at its head. Chief Glass is a good man. I have had a great deal of correspondence and exchange of information with him and I have found him a thorough gentleman and admirably suited to the place he fills."

"Hotel del Coronado"

WARM IN WINTER,
COOL IN SUMMER.
Make no mistake—
Go and see the Flagship and Gun Boats.
CORONADO AGENCY,
120 N. Spring St., Los Angeles
H. F. NORCROSS, Agent.

MERCURIAL POISON

In the result of the usual treatment of blood disorders, the system is often left debilitated and Potash remedies—more to be dreaded than the disease—and in a short while is in a far worse condition than before. The common result is RHEUMATISM

for which S.S.S. is the most reliable cure. A few bottles will afford relief where all else has failed. I suffered from a severe attack of Mercurial Rheumatism, my arms and legs being swollen to twice their natural size, causing the most excruciating pains, and then fell to chatting without relief, but after taking a few bottles of S.S.S. I improved rapidly and am now a well-man, completely cured. I can heartily recommend it to any one suffering from this painful disease. W. F. DALEY, Brooklyn, Elevated R. R.

Ladies' Wrappers.
All Wrappers sold by us are made in our own factory, of the best quality material, and are made in Empire style skirt, 4 yards wide, Bishop sleeves, \$1.50, or more—as you please.

I. MAGNIN & CO.
237 S. Spring St.
Tel. 782 Black.
Free Pasadena Delivery.

POLICE COURT.

A Saw Thief Gets a Ninety-days' Sentence.

Yesterday was a quiet day in the Police Court. The only extensive sentence Justice Owens gave was a ninety-days' term for John Curley, the East Side boy who stole some saws. Ralph Felix, a young man who had a fight with a prostitute, had his trial set for Thursday afternoon.

A NEW HELLO COMPANY

Has Been Formed to Operate in Southern California.

The Southern California Telephone and Telegraph Company is the name of a corporation that will today send out solicitors for contracts. The new company proposes to cut the present telephone rates in half, giving business houses long-distance telephones with unlimited service for \$3.50 per month, and private residences getting their 'phones for \$2.50.

The Newsboys' Benefit.

Not to have read the captivatingly humorous outpourings of the pen of humorists, Bob Burdette, in the Burlington Hawkeye and other newspapers of this country, is to have missed some of the very brightest things in all the domain of American humor. Burdette is said to be just as clever before an audience as he is with a trusty pencil well in hand, and when he talks for the newsboys at Music Hall Thursday night there will be full galore. The sale of seats for Bob's lecture is now going on and indications point to a smashing big house; but whether people can attend or not, they should lay in a few tickets for the good cause of buying a home for the merchants of news who are both houseless and homeless. Tickets may be had at Gardner & Oliver's bookstore, corner Spring and Third streets.

Waverley Bicycles \$85
GOOD FOR \$100
ARTHUR S. BENT,
691 S. Broadway near 7th

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 South Broadway,
Opposite City Hall.

Advertisements have one great drawback; the true ones and the false ones look just alike. So do solid silver and plated ware—until they are worn—the wear tells the story. When you read an advertisement remember this, and examine the goods critically before you invest your money. It would never pay us to advertise a good thing, and give you something inferior. We never criticize the Methods of others, but we will always insist that you are fairly treated here, and your experience with us will be the best evidence in support of our assertion. Here are some things to clinch our argument.

Calico and Percale Wrappers,
75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.35, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.

Tea Gowns,
\$5, \$7.50, \$10.50, \$13.50, \$18, \$25.

in Challie, Lawn, Cashmere, French Flannel and Silk.

Tea Jackets,
\$5.00, \$7.50, \$11.00, \$13.50,
in Eiderdown, Cashmere and Silks.

New Shirt Waists Just In—
These Garments are Warranted in every respect; Values, Materials, Styles, Making, etc.

Special Values.
One Lot of Ladies' Blue and Black Broadcloth Suits,
The Best Value of the Season
\$6.45 a Suit.

One Lot of Ladies' Blue and Black Serge Suits,
well made, lined, and sold elsewhere for \$8.50,
\$7.45 a Suit.

Alterations Free—These prices will make a decided sensation and the lots will not last long.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

If You Contemplate
The repainting of your house, use only the best of material. The only Paint that has stood the test for over one hundred years is deserving of your investigation.

P. H. MATHEWS, 230 S. Main St.

The California Medical and Surgical Institute,
No. 241 S. Main St.,
SPECIALISTS
On Every Form of Weakness and Private Diseases of Men.

Examinations, including Analysis, Free. Kidney and Bladder Troubles cured when all others fail. Established 30 years, 9 of which in Los Angeles.
Office Hours: 9 to 5 and 7 to 9; Sundays, 10 to 12.

NILES PEASE, FURNITURE

Carpets....
337-339-341
South Spring St.

There's No Humbug About It.

We are the only house in Southern California roasting Coffees, grinding Spices, manufacturing Baking Powder, Extracts, etc., and selling direct to consumers, saving them from 25 to 50 per cent on their Teas, Coffees, Spices, etc. Call and get free sample of our Baking Powder.

J. M. SPENCE & CO.,
413 S. Spring St.

THE WATER THAT'S PIPED TO YOU

Coronado Water
PHONE 1204. W. L. WHEDON, 114 West First Street, Agent.

BANNING CO.,
Hand-picked, Southfield Wellington Lump Coal, \$11 per ton, delivered. Cement and Catalina Island Serpentine and Soapstone

Agents for SANTA CATALINA ISLAND; also for W. T. Co.'s Ocean Excursion Steamers, Tugs, Yachts and Pleasure Launches.

Private Home
Female Diseases a Specialty.

1315 W. Seventh St. Dr. H. NEWLAND
HOURS—9 to 12.

J. T. Sheward

113-115 North Spring St.

The April Delineator and the Patterns are now on sale. The Delineator for April is the spring number. It is unusually large and complete. One of the best numbers ever issued by the Butterick Company.

A spirit of improvement pervades the store. We are tearing out and building up. Trade is improving all along the line.

There is one department where the trade shows great improvements. That is Dress Goods and Silks.

Dresden effects in choice new patterns, 50c a yard. Stripes and figures in the rustling Taffetas, 75c a yard. Small, neat checks. Rich Dresden patterns. Fine stripes. All Taffetas \$1 a yard.

Elegant Plaids in the choicest patterns, \$1.25. Rich Dresden Silks. Changeable designs, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2 a yard.

Black Silk Taffetas in Brocades, \$1 and \$1.25. Plain Black Taffetas, 75c and \$1.

Wool Dress Goods in an elegant assortment, 25c and 50c a yard. All new and extra good qualities.

Black Mohairs, 50c a yard. All-wool Serges, 50c a yard. Plaids, 50c a yard.

Redfern Suitings, 50 inches wide, \$1 a yard. Embroideries and Laces. New today. Band trimmings for wash materials.

Something new. Linen colored Laces in the largest assortment.

A new line of Veilings, 25c a yard. Ladies' Sailor Hats, in the new spring shapes, 50c and 75c.

Untrimmed Leghorns, 50c, 75c, \$1 up to \$2.50 each. Leghorns will be in great demand this season.

Children's Sunbonnets, 25c, 50c, 75c up to \$2 each. Children's Wash Hats from 25c to \$2. Specially good is a line for \$1.

Ladies' Shirt Waists at special prices today, 50c each. Ask for the advertised Waists. We sell the Royal Worcester Corsets from \$1 and up.

Newberry's

CAPSULES.
The REX Extract of Beef capsules, the handiest preparation of the kind in the market. Sold at 40c per box.

BOUILLON.
Moggi Bouillon is the most refreshing and invigorating beef preparation ever offered. Try it. Sold at 30c, 50c and \$1.00 each.

216 and 218 South Spring Street.

AIM HIGH.
When you want the best you will get the PRINCESS SODA CRACKERS.

BISHOP & COMPANY, MANUFACTURERS

CLAY WORSTED

Suits that are every fibre pure wool—serge lined—best quality sleeve lining. Perfect in fit and finish.

IN FACT
the best suit for
\$15.00
that we have ever sold, and that's SAYING A GOOD DEAL.

They come in YOUTHS' MEN'S and EXTRA SIZES. Sacks, Frocks, Stouts and Extra Lengths and every size on the list. Will suit you sure, for there are no better at the price.

Muller, Shutt & Co.

101 N. Spring St. THE POPULAR CORNER.
201-203-205-207-209 W. First St.

RUGS

See Our Windows.

BARKER BROS., Stimson Block

FOR Poland Rock Address The W. H. PERRY
Water Batholomew & Co. LUMBER YARD
600 S. Broadway. AND PLANING MILL
Tel. 122. Commercial Street.



(Printers' Ink.) When your rivals are out of the newspapers that's a good time for you to stay in.

Mount Lowe Railway patrons with through tickets, will, while guests at the elegant Echo Mountain House, have free daily rides over the entire road, with visits to the valley as often as desired. Hotel rates moderate. Literature, views and full information at Mount Lowe Springs office, Third and Broadway, Los Angeles, and main office, Grand Opera House, Block, Pasadena.

Tourists will find at Hotel San Gabriel, everything they desire; twenty minutes' ride on S.P.R.R. Trains leave Arcade Depot, 4, 9:30 a.m., 2:30, 4:20, 8:35 p.m. Steam heat, private baths, beautiful lawns.

For Rent—Fine, well-lighted front rooms in third story of Times Building. Also, large rear room, suitable for society hall. Elevator to be installed. Times Building, basement.

All the Episcopalian churches hold a united service at St. Paul's Church this evening at 7:45 o'clock. Mr. Wigmore will sing from the oratorio of "Elijah." The public welcome.

Mrs. G. G. Gifford has returned from New York with a large stock of imported millinery. Exhibition of pattern hats Wednesday and Thursday.

Great bargains, Lee Kwal Luey, retiring from business, the oldest house and finest Japanese goods in Los Angeles. 206 South Spring street.

A sectional map of the five southern counties of California given free with each prepaid yearly subscription to The Daily Times.

Millinery opening at Miss Jordan's, No. 318 South Spring street, Friday and Saturday of this week.

New needle toe, white canvas Oxford only \$1.50 at Cummings's, 110 South Spring.

Eastern and California oysters on shell, Mc Jones, Hollenbeck Hotel, Cal. Call telephone 243 for ambulance. Kregelo & Breese, Sixth and Broadway.

Mr. R. Samish, studio for china decorating at Meyberg Bros., 138 S. Main.

For six-in-hand, tally-ho go to No. 314 South Grand avenue, Tel. 730.

Orr & Hines, undertakers, removed to 647 Broadway, Tel. Main 65.

Leader in stylish tan shoes. W. E. Cummings, 110 South Spring.

Beautiful rooms. Hotel Baltimore, Seventh and Olive.

A June of San Fernando was brought to the County Jail yesterday to serve a five-day sentence for petty larceny.

The Los Angeles Republican Club will meet in Odd Fellows' Hall, No. 224 South Main street, this evening. The important business will come before the meeting.

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning Albert Monday was brought to the Police Station, suffering from a severe attack of "snakes." He was given the needed medical attention.

The East Side Cycle Club will give another of their "races" this evening. Refreshments will be served and a musical and literary programme has been arranged.

One of the two Mexicans who were knocked out of a wagon by a Southern Pacific train near Shor's Station Sunday afternoon had sufficiently recovered from his injuries yesterday to depart.

Martin Gunning was brought to the Police Station at 3 o'clock this morning in a fit of insanity. He had aroused the roomers in a lodging-house by his screams. Officer Henderson made the arrest.

W. T. Courtney was arrested Monday while on a tremendous jag. He deposited bail yesterday morning and at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon was back in jail again, on a continuation of the same spree.

J. J. Maroo was caught selling liquor on Upper Main street yesterday without a license. Officer Dixon arrested him at 10:45 o'clock and brought him to the Police Station, whence he was allowed to depart on depositing \$5 bail.

The article in yesterday's Times which stated that the typewriter embossed by E. F. Taylor for L. M. and Alexander & Co. was one which he was buying on monthly payments, should have said, instead, that he had merely hired the typewriter at \$5 a month.

The Southern California Veterans Association held a largely-attended meeting at the Hollenbeck yesterday afternoon. The time was very pleasantly passed, and the chief business transacted was a decision to go into camp July 1 and remain for about ten days.

Rev. P. C. Yorke of San Francisco, who is equally famous on the platform as with the pen, is visiting Los Angeles for the first time, and will give a lecture for the benefit of the poor at Hazard's Pavilion Monday evening, March 18.

Mrs. F. A. Wallace will address the Los Angeles W.C.T.U. today at 2:30 p.m., in the First Baptist Church, corner Sixth and Broadway, on the subject, "The Woman of Tomorrow." Mrs. H. W. Duncaison cannot be present at the meeting, as advertised.

Various persons having been credited with the conception and execution of the artistic furnishings of the smoking-room of the Jonathan Club, it is desired by the members that there should be no error in placing the credit of the effort. T. Frank McGrath, who did the decorative work of the club, and who has personal knowledge of the matter, has said that C. D. Howry and J. B. Bushnell were alone entitled to all the credit of conceiving and superintending the work of furnishing and decorating this attractive room.

STOLEN A COAT.

The Coat Came Back After Many Days.

An excited man burst into the Police Station yesterday morning, exclaiming that an officer must be sent to the Bryson Block without delay, to capture a thief. Piloted by H. E. Rollins, the giver of the alarm, Detective Hawley hurried to the fourth floor of the Bryson Block just in time to see the hobo hurrying down the rear stairs. They chased him and caught him before he reached the ground floor.

He carried an overcoat stolen from Mr. Rollins a month ago.

Mr. Rollins once had missed an overcoat. He remembered he had seen a tough-looking citizen hanging around his office in the Bryson Block, and he at once ascribed the theft to him. It was on recognizing the fellow yesterday as the same man that he summoned the police. It transpired that on stealing the coat he had hidden it away in the Bryson Block, and yesterday was his first opportunity to recover it.

It was all the fault of Detectives Auble and Hawley that he and the coat before. Three weeks ago Mr. Hawley stood on street corner. Up came Tom Brown and asked for charity. He was a big, strong hobo, entirely at work, so Messrs. Hawley and Auble responded to his appeals for money to pay his night's lodging by giving him a free lodging in the jail and securing him twenty days' work in the chain gang. His term ended yesterday, and he at once went to look for the stolen coat.

(Lompoc Journal.) Five years ago the Southern Pacific Company had 155 miles of "gap" to close up to complete its coast road. Today the aforesaid gap is seventy miles long. It might be a good idea for the newspapers who are filling their columns with "closing the gap" to figure out how long at the above rate it would take the railroad to reach Elwood from the north. Eh?

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MR. PORTER OF OHIO.

HE SAYS MCKINLEY IS THE NATION'S FAVORITE SON.

No Combination of Politicians Can Down the Major—The Story of the Governor's Life—Marvels of His Career.

The Hon. Robert P. Porter, who was superintendent of the census in 1890 and is now editor and proprietor of the Cleveland (O.) World, passed through the city yesterday with his family, en route to Japan, having reached here over the Southern Pacific via New Orleans.

Mr. Porter was dining at the Arcade depot when a Times reporter accosted him with the request for news from Ohio, especially as to the political situation in general, and the situation regarding Gov. McKinley's chances for the Republican nomination at St. Louis, in particular.

Mr. Porter, like all other men from Ohio, as well as those from other Republican sections of the country, is enthusiastically in favor of the nomination of the great apostle of protection, and declared that it looks at present as though the Governor would be nominated without the least difficulty.

He stated that whenever he had talked with men in his tour across the continent there was an overwhelming sentiment for the man from Ohio. "There are words of favorite songs," as Mr. Porter expressed it, "but if one may judge at all from feeling men and getting their views, Gov. McKinley is the favorite of the United States, and no combination of politicians will be able to defeat him at the convention which is to be held in June."

Asked as to the special claims of Gov. McKinley on the Republican party and the country for the great office of President, Mr. Porter said:

"Gov. McKinley's story is that of a serious and earnest life—a life of devotion to duty, to principle, and to the public service. Aided by nothing save an honorable parentage, a good constitution, a quick perception, a courteous bearing, a brave heart and a high sense of duty, he has risen from a poor boy in a western village to the highest position of honor and power in the nation."

"Such a career becomes part of the history of the Republic. The name of Gov. McKinley will always be associated with the most important fiscal legislation of the latter part of the century. He started the policy of the living exponent of the protection side of the great economic question which divides the two political parties. Back of his career is a glorious array of American statesmen who have thought as he thinks, believed as he believes, and acted as he has acted."

"The heart of this man of the people should beat in unison with those who toil, with the millions engaged in the painful occupations, is natural enough when we read the story of his life. He has marched in the ranks side by side with his comrades, the brave soldiers. He has tasted poverty and learned useful lessons of frugality as a young and struggling country lawyer. In the broader field of statesmanship to which he was called nearly twenty years ago, his influence and sympathy have always been given on the side of those who toil for daily bread. Surely we have here varied and useful lessons—experiences calculated to develop the broadest humanity, the deepest sympathy for labor, and the most earnest endeavor to improve the condition and elevate the standard of that vast army of our fellow-beings whose weekly or monthly wage forms the basis of the nation's prosperity."

"That a man thus born and with such experiences should believe in a policy which has done so much for labor, and some do in religion is not a matter of surprise, and that he should have conceived a nation to his belief is an indication both of his own unwavering faith and of the tremendous strength of the facts, figures, history and earnest eloquence which he has marshaled to win over and convince."

"For nearly a quarter of a century Gov. McKinley has been a prominent actor before the public upon the political stage. One of the marvels of his career is his ability to retain the confidence of the people; to grow in their estimation, and to rise steadily and constantly from private citizenship in an Ohio county to a place that comparatively few men have occupied since the foundation of the government. To retain the confidence of so large a majority of the people of the United States as Ohio's Governor now possesses, while occupying a place in the glare of public life for so long a time, few can realize."

"He is the man for the hour and the hour is ripe for the man. He better represents the genius of American politics than any man of our time and age, and the fall of the nomination at St. Louis his defeat will be a disaster for the nation."

"I believe he will be nominated and if nominated his election is a foregone conclusion."

Owing to the short stop had here it was impossible for the reporter to gather more from the distinguished gentleman than is here set down, as he continued his journey to San Francisco at 3:30 p.m.

Mr. Porter is making a flying trip only to Japan and will return in time for the St. Louis convention.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

An Appreciated Contribution.

LOS ANGELES, March 9.—(To the Editor of The Times.) We notice with pleasure that Rev. Mr. Knighten last Sunday took up a collection in Grace Methodist Church for the News and Working Boys' Home fund and realized

the net sum of \$710. The ladies in charge of the Newsboys' Home are very grateful to Rev. Mr. Knighten for his remembrance of the homeless boys, and feel that his example in that direction is worthy of emulation by others, and if the pastors of all our city churches will extend to their several congregations an opportunity to help our poor homeless boys, an aggregate sum that would be highly appreciated and very helpful for the unfortunate waifs that drift to us for shelter, might be realized. Will the ministers of all our churches on next Sunday take up a collection for the Newsboys' Home? MRS. M. E. THREKELD, President.

THE ROENTGEN RAYS.

A Large Audience Interested in Their Elucidation.

The Roentgen X rays must have excited a widespread interest in this community if we may judge by the extraordinary attendance at the meeting of the Southern California Science Association last evening. Every chair in the hall was occupied and many were standing. Introducing the subject last evening, President Knight remarked that the announcement of no other discovery had produced such instantaneous, intense and universal interest as the mysterious agency called the X ray. It was all of interest to scientific bodies and to intelligent readers everywhere.

The paper which Prof. Roentgen of the Royal University of Wurzburg last December had been translated and would be presented this evening by S. G. Marshutz, a member of the association, and illustrated by an exhibition of Crooke's vacuum tubes, showing the beautiful Cathode ray, whence the invisible X rays proceeded.

Mr. Marshutz then read his paper, after which Mr. Lundberg made some brilliant experiments. The subject was then discussed at great length by Prof. Shultz, Prof. Novins, Mr. Spalding, Prof. Gilmore and others. Prof. Shultz suggested the name of skio-graph. He did not like Edison's proposed shadowgraph, as that is a mongrel compound of Greek and English. Mr. Marshutz said that scientists had agreed to call the rays after the discoverer, and they would henceforth be known as Roentgen rays.

Mr. Novins spoke of the fact that persons suffering from lightning-stroke sometimes have branches of trees or some adjacent object imprinted on their skin, and asked if it was not perhaps a manifestation of the mysterious ray. No one could answer.

Mr. Marshutz exhibited some beautiful specimens of the work performed by these rays, imported from one of the laboratories of Europe.

Mr. Novins offered a resolution amending the constitution so as to change the name from Southern California Science Association to Southern California Academy of Sciences. Under the rule it was laid over to the next meeting.

Mr. Marshutz moved that a committee be appointed to take into consideration the establishment of a laboratory in connection with the work of the association.

W. L. Watts, connected with the State Mining Bureau, was elected a life member, and A. L. Sprague of Claremont associate member.

Useful Things Made Beautiful

designates by far the greater share of GORHAM silver. Purely ornamental articles are outnumbered ten to one by those which can be put to daily service, and kept in use for years. This is why so many gifts are made of Gorham silver. *****

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelry only.

Great Clearance Sale Regardless Of Cost.

Great Closing-out Sale of our entire stock at Sweeping Reductions to make room for our Optical business.

3 Silver-plated Teaspoons for 10c.
3 Silver-plated Tablespoons for 25c.
3 Silver-plated Dessert Spoons for 15c.
3 Silver-plated Dinner Forks for 40c.
Gold or Silver Bullion Belts at 50c. worth \$1.
50c and 75c Pocket Knives at 25c.
Sterling Silver Belt Pins at 15c. worth 30c.
\$1.50 and \$1.50 Gold-filled Case Watches.
Elgin or Waltham movements, at \$8.50.
Another big lot in Perfumes, Cologne, Bay Rum and Florida Water.
Sterling Silver Coffee Spoons, gold bowl, Los Angeles engraved in the bowl, worth \$1. at 50c.
Sterling Silver, Gold Bowl Spoons, with any Mason engraved in the bowl, worth \$1.75, at \$1.00.
Sterling Plate and Enamelled Shirt Waist Sets, 3 Pieces, a pair Sleeve Buttons and 1 Collar Button, worth 50c and 75c, today they will be sold at 25c and 35c.
Solid Gold Pens, pearl handles, worth \$2.50 at 10c.
75c and 50c Ladies' Combination Pocket Books, today at 25c.
18 and 24-inch Wood Mantle 8-Day Clocks, 1/2 and hour strike, worth 25 and 35 each, reduced to \$5.00.
And 5000 other extraordinary closing-out bargains at 40c and 50c on the dollar.

An extraordinary sale of precious stones and opals. I offer at less than cost to close out my entire collection of genuine oriental Australian opals.
Genuine oriental hyacinth.
Genuine oriental jacinth.
Genuine oriental topaz.
Genuine oriental amethyst.
Genuine oriental pigeon blood rubies.
Genuine American Arizona rubies.
Some very fine gems in this lot. No reasonable offer will be refused at wholesale or retail.

Visit the down-stairs departments if you would save money.

Send for Samples.

THIS STORE GROWS..

Because

Why?

Suit Department. Shirt Waists by the thousand, all the new materials. We are agents for the famous Stanley Waists with or without the "Flare" Skirt Adjuster. If you care to pick from the choicest stock, think of the winsome waists waiting here at 50c, 75c and \$1.

New Skirts. Yesterday brought in a grand lot of separate skirts—all the newest chevots, crepons, mohairs and silks; handsome ones at \$2.50 and up by steps of a dollar to the \$20 mark.

New Capes. Rich Velvets, Magnificent Silks, serviceable cloths trimmed as only the capes of great length. By Prof. Shultz, Prof. Novins, Mr. Spalding, Prof. Gilmore and others. Prof. Shultz suggested the name of skio-graph. He did not like Edison's proposed shadowgraph, as that is a mongrel compound of Greek and English. Mr. Marshutz said that scientists had agreed to call the rays after the discoverer, and they would henceforth be known as Roentgen rays.

Broche Crepons 50c. Fancy Broche Crepons, two-tinted effects, medium and dark colors, black and colored grounds; pretty as \$1 fabrics.

Wool Boucle Cheviots 50c. An elegant assortment of the latest popular price suitings. All wool Boucle Cheviots as well as \$1.50 styles.

Fancy Mohairs 65c. New Fancy Mohairs, six different styles, medium and light shades; fac simile of \$1.50 goods.

Fancy Boucles 85c. Latest Fancy Boucles in stripes, checks and broken plaids; same styles as \$1.50 suits.

Camel's Hair Stripes \$1. Camel's Hair Stripes and Silk Warp Checks, prettiest things this spring; would be at retail value at \$1.50.

Domestics Wash Goods. Duck Suitings, 7 1/2-2c. Duck Suitings, splendid soft finish, elegant quality, white and tinted grounds, neat stripes and novel figures; usually sold at 12 1/2c, 20 styles to pick from.

New Cheviot Effect Suitings, 10c. Fine Printed Lawns, 38 inches wide. Wash Goods for Summer, 2 and 3 color combinations in checks, stripes and plaids, put up in double fold, same as wool goods, splendid styles and value.

Printed Lawns, 15c. Fine Printed Lawns, 38 inches wide, exquisite floral designs on tinted grounds, one of the prettiest of the springtime things.

Real Mulhouse, 20c. Crepon Mull Stripes, rich silk effects, faintly tinted ground, with crepon stripes of white, real Mulhouse.

French Zephyr Gingham, 20c. Lace and embroidery effect stripes, such as neat and winsome as anything shown this season, very fine quality.

French Satens, 25c. French Satens, plain black, figured and broche designs, splendid copies of the new silks and dress goods, fast colors.

New Cheviot Novelties, 15c. New Cheviot Novelties, gray or brown mixed, checks and semi-checks, shepherd's plaids, and about 30 distinct patterns of real Scotch plaid designs.

Real English Cheviots, 25c. Real English Cheviots, all wool, medium colorings for street wear, quality such as sold last season at 35c to 50c, 40 inches wide.

Boys---Mens. Men's Best Overalls, 50c. Best quality Men's Overalls, reinforced and copper riveted. The best ever sold for the money.

Boys' Zouave Suits, \$1.75. Boys' all-wool Zouave Suits, ages 3 to 7 years, very jaunty and neat, and an extraordinary value.

Men's Black Hose, 1/2 doz., 70c. Men's extra value Fast Black Hose; a lot that were purchased at a great discount, as to us, so they go to you.

Children's Tam-o-Shanters 25c. Children's Tam-o-Shanters, in the new Scotch Plaids, the Rob Roy style, just the thing for the beach.

Boys' and Children's Straw Hats, 25c. Boys' and Children's Spring and Summer New Styles in Straw Hats. They are exceptional values.

Balbriggan Underwear, 75c each. Men's Little English Balbriggan Under-shirts, carded silk front. Drawers to match, with Satens waistband, pearl buttons.

Natural Wool Underwear, 65c each. Men's medium weight, natural wool Underwear, ribbed tail, waist and ankles. A truly grand value; \$1.25 the suit.

Parasols. Black Carriage Shades, \$1 and \$1.25. Black Carriage Shades, real silk lined, with pretty black handles. \$1.25.

Gloria Sunshades, \$1.25. Black Gloria Sunshades, Dresden handles, paragon frame, a very excellent value.

White Silk Parasols, \$3.50. White Silk Parasols with double row lace insert, enamelled frame and white handles.

Laces. To say that this is the most complete line in drapery, whiteness is to put it very mildly. Don't deny yourself the pleasure of seeing the line whether or not you purchase.

You can drink as much as you want to while taking the Keeley Treatment.

The Keeley Institute,
Cor. N. Main and Commercial Sts.,
Over Farmers' and Merchants' Bank.

Marvelous Indeed

Are the chances offered you women to save on your new Spring Hat when you consider such prices as these:—

1 bunch of 6 Silk and Velvet Roses; marvels of beauty.....	24c
1 dozen Velvet Forget-me-nots.....	5c
1 Pull Wreath of Pink.....	19c
1 Large Silk Rose with bud.....	17c
Algerettes, all colors, each.....	5c

The Marvel Cut Rate Millinery Co.
Double Store,
241-243 South Broadway.

NOVELTIES IN DRESS SHAPES AT H. Hoffman, Millinery, 240 S. Spring St.

The Medical World surpassed by a new discovery, the "Anti-Tubercular" treatment, consumption, all stages of Pulmonary Consumption are permanently cured by this treatment. ad. Anti-Tubercular Specialist, Box 10, St. G. Los Angeles.

OIL FUEL OIL. EUREKA OIL CO., 204 1/2 S. Broadway, Los Angeles. FUEL OIL delivered in city and to all parts of Los Angeles. Write or call on us for lowest prices and information. E. L. ALLEN, President.

Pioneer Truck Company, TENTS and AWNINGS. Tents for Rent—J. H. MASTERS, Manufacturer, Tel.—Main, 1211, 215 Commercial St.

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

The first ball given under the new management at the Abbotsford Inn last evening proved a very delightful affair. The supper room was prettily decorated with potted plants, and the tables were most attractive with flowers, smilax and fruit. A delicious supper was served. Among those present were Mrs. Shirley Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Dyer, Mrs. Sheldon, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Toppan, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Dr. and Mrs. Fuller, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. J. B. Matthews of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Zook, Mr. and Mrs. Norman, Mrs. Gabel, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Lilly, Miss Goldsmith, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Gladden, Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Spruance, Mrs. Jeffords, Mrs. Stone, Mr. and Mrs. Huber, Mr. and Mrs. Brant, Mr. and Mrs. Choteau, Mr. and Mrs. Convin, Mrs. Reese, Mrs. Heffer, Mr. and Mrs. Howe, Mrs. Kuhn, the Misses Phelps, Hampton, Stone, Desondor, Blackie, Docomun, Spruance, Wheeler, Toppan, the Misses McLean, the Misses Johnson, the Misses Clark, Bennett, Chas. Aline Jones, Clark, Conner, the Misses Lilly, the Misses Smith, the Misses Jeffords, Messrs. D. Sale, William Garland, Desondor, Spruance, Ridenbaugh, Ball, Currier, Bumiller, Parsons, Stone, Shepherd, Chansler, Darling, White, Knorr, Umsted, Dr. Cunningham and Mrs. M. N. Thompson.

A SILVER WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Thompson celebrated their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary at their home in Inglewood on Monday. An elaborate dinner was served at 12 o'clock. The dining-room was handsomely decorated with smilax, lilies and bows of yellow and green ribbon, while the parlors and halls were festooned with green and white. The presents were numerous and costly, among them being two complete silver services, one from friends in the East and the other from California friends. The bride of twenty-five summers looked charming and happy in her original wedding gown of silk and velvet. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. J. Compton, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kelso, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. List, Mr. and Mrs. George Tod, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Leach, Mrs. E. J. Leach, Mrs. Laughlin of Inglewood; Rev. and Mrs. James Kelso and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Reed of Pasadena; W. L. Thompson, Mrs. Susan Thornburg, W. B. Thomas, Mrs. S. A. Bence and Miss S. J. Duncan of Los Angeles; Mr. and Mrs. S. Eddy, the Palmes; Rev. Stevenson, Pittsburgh, and W. L. Archer, Burgettstown, Pa.

The young folks took possession of the house in the evening and enjoyed themselves with music, recitation and games. Those present were: Misses Anna and Edith Kelso, Grace Laughlin, Emma Compton, Etta and Alice Conner, Emma Field, Birdie Leach, Clara Lee, Ella Kelso, Belle and Ollie Calkins, Helen Rippey, Lucy Simpson and Lena and Mary Thompson; Messrs. C. Stewart, G. Stevens, Samuel Stewart, Clarence, Edward, Joe and Stewart Laughlin, Jole, Lee, Martin, Kelso, Griffith, Smith, Calkins and Walter Thompson.

A LEAP-YEAR PARTY.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Peck gave a very pleasant leap-year party last evening at their pleasant home on Orange street, for Miss Donaldson of Youngtown, O., and Miss Marie Phipps of Paul, Minn. Mrs. Peck was assisted by Mrs. A. F. Wilkinson. The rooms were artistically decorated with bridal wreath and calligraphy. The young ladies called for the gentlemen and took them to the scene of the festivity in a trolley. The evening was devoted to trophy hearts, each heart receiving a prize at each progression. Those present were the Misses Maud Donaldson, Marie Phipps, Leola Smith, Elsie Bosbyshell, Emily Cole, Marie Bryington, Flora Hunter, Jessie Rhodes, Messrs. Ralph Day, W. L. Leach, J. H. Srodt, Truman Cole, Frank Colby, Silverwood and A. Price.

A BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Miss Nellie Inker was pleasantly surprised Monday evening at her home on Gallado street, in honor of her nineteenth birthday anniversary. Among those present were the Misses Gertrude Kennedy, Mabel Wilson, Lena Dougherty, Nona Carr, Gertrude Swift, Maggie and Bertha Slater, Mary Griddle, Frances Seine, Isabel Perry, Ethel Griddle, Jennie Slater, Nellie Inker, Gertrude Terrace, Kate Inker, Mary Inker, Messrs. Harry Lloyd, William Slater, Jerry O'Neill, Ernest White, Dan Robinson, Dave Burness, Jimmie Slater, Fred Singer, Leonard Swift, Thomas George, Fred Inker, William Ruth, Alexander Montgomery, James Rhodes, Edward and Charley Inker.

A LUNCHEON.

A charming luncheon was given Saturday by Mrs. John R. Haynes, at her home on South Pearl street. The table was prettily decorated with ferns, arranged in a tall vase upon a pink embroidered centerpiece, and strewn with the pink satin ribbon, which was laid from the center to the ends. Those present were: Misses George Danskin, Marden, C. N. Flint, Pratt, Riddle, Houghton, Miss Haynes and Miss Lindley.

AN INFORMAL EVENING.

Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Flint entertained informally, but very delightfully Monday evening, at their charming home on Westlake avenue. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Marden of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. Danskin, Mr. and Mrs. Riddle of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Flint, Dr. and Mrs. John R. Haynes, and Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Flint.

A RECEPTION.

A delightful reception was given Monday evening by Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Tilden and Mr. and Mrs. George M. Smith, at the residence, the latter on Thirty-third street, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. White and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Miner of Brockport, N. Y., and Mrs. Baker and Mrs. Hodges of Bridgeport, Ct. The rooms were artistically decorated. In the front parlor masses of roses and smilax were used in the back parlor, carnations and pepper spray, and in the dining-room violets and maidenhair ferns were prettily arranged upon the table, while bamboo was used about the room. There was a most enjoyable programme, consisting of a violin solo by Miss Ada Shrader, readings by Miss Willie and Miss Shamblin, a song by Mrs. Cogswell, a trio by Misses Shrader, Bannister and Hanover, and a piano solo by Miss Phillips. The supper-room was presided over by Miss Florence Tilden, assisted by Misses Blanche Smith, Frances Kerr, Ada Shrader, Grace Phillips and Shamblin. Among the guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Caswell, Mr. and Mrs. Requa, Mr. and Mrs. White, Dr. and Mrs. Cochran, Prof. and Mrs. Stabler, Mr. and Mrs. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. Pittenger, Mr. and Mrs. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. White, Mr. and Mrs. Miner, Mr. and Mrs. L. Phillips, Prof. and Mrs. Bannister, Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Welch, Mr. and Mrs. Luke, Rev. and Mrs. Bovard, Mr. and Mrs. Menzel, Mr. and Mrs. Beynon, Mr. and Mrs. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Doyle, Dr. and Mrs. Shaver, Prof. and Mrs. Hardie, Mr. and Mrs. Shrader, Mr. and Mrs. Levering, Mr. and Mrs. Hanover, Mr. and Mrs. Edmonston, Mr. and Mrs. Tolchard, Mr. and Mrs. Umstead, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. McConnell, Prof. and Mrs. Orville Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. Eikel, Mr. and Mrs. Bannister, Mr. and Mrs. Corcoran, Mr. and Mrs. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Osborn,

and Mrs. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. Van Alin, Mr. and Mrs. Sanderson, Mr. and Mrs. Carter, Prof. Dr. Conde, Miss Budlong, Miss Budlong, Mr. and Mrs. Hand, Mrs. Murray, Miss Willis, Miss Plimpton, Mrs. Wiesbeck, Mrs. Casement, Prof. Cole and Gray, Dr. Pullin, Mr. and Mrs. Muchmore, Mrs. Cogswell, Miss Pullin, Harry Tilden, Roy Cogswell.

THE EBELL.

The regular social meeting of the Ebells Monday afternoon was a delightful affair. The programme included a charming paper by Mrs. Sartori, on "The Evolution of W. D. Howells." Two Liszt's Nocturnes and Two Chopin Preludes, by Miss Kate Fuller, and a character sketch by Mrs. Buckleham of Vacaville, a guest of the club. Miss Todd presided at the dainty tea table, from which tea was dispensed at the close of the programme.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Mrs. S. W. Garretson receives on Thursdays at her home, No. 1007 Orange street.

Miss Willis entertained informally Monday evening in honor of the Misses Fay of San Francisco.

Mrs. Eastwick and her son, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Worham of North Soto street, left yesterday for Santa Barbara.

Mrs. Maude Knights returned Saturday evening from a six weeks' visit with her sister in Riverside.

Frederick Malone of Redlands is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Houson of Riverside are visiting friends and relatives in this city.

Mrs. T. N. Ryan will be at home on Friday, at 727 Vesalek avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets.

An entertainment will be given Thursday evening at Moore's Hall, East Los Angeles, by Court Occident, No. 467, Independent Order of Foresters.

At the Turner's ball last Saturday evening the first prize was won by Miss Adelle Schauer instead of Miss Adams.

Owing to the sudden death of Mr. Fay's mother, and also the very serious illness of Mr. Kregels' father in Indianapolis, the invitations for the luncheon to be given by Mrs. C. E. Kregel in honor of Mr. Fay, on Thursday next, have been postponed.

Miss Kerckhoff and the Misses Talant will spend the next few weeks at Sunny Slope, the guests of Mrs. Richchowsky.

The fourth recital of the series of six given by the Los Angeles Conservatory of Music and Art will be given on Thursday evening at the Grandstand, Fitzgerald Hall. Miss Eva E. Williams, pianist, assisted by Miss Nina Luthbert, elocutionist, and Miss Anna Denly.

Miss Helena Fleischmann entertained a few of her friends charmingly last Saturday afternoon, at her home on Union avenue. The guests were: the Misses Bella Prager, Etta Jacoby, Florence Laventhal, Leah Hellman, Clara and Adelle Weil, Fannie Miman, Belle Neubauer, Tiva Goldwater, Regina Green and Estelle Meyer.

The sacred concert at the Pico Heights Congregational Church last evening was a very pleasant affair. The programme was participated in by Mrs. J. A. Field, Messrs. McElroy and Smith, Holder, A. J. Stamm, the Misses Ora E. Burke, Maggie McLean, Emily McLean, Rev. F. Werth and S. H. Peters, who was organist and J. T. Harvey, director.

ALL WERE ABSENT.

A "Very Important Meeting" at Which No One Materialized.

This was how it was heralded and announced in the local evening organ of the American Bi-Metallic party.

MOST IMPORTANT.

"The meeting will be a most important one to the extreme silver men, for it is expected to adopt resolutions looking toward placing the leadership of the silver men in the hands of Senator Morgan of Alabama and Senator Allen of Nebraska as the men who can lead them as standard-bearers in the coming national campaign, the one as candidate for the Presidency and the other for the Vice-Presidency. It is the hope of the Bi-Metallic party to unite the South and the West into an electoral college majority of from twenty-five to thirty, and advance the cause of silver, independent of either the Republican or Democratic parties."

TO BE A NATIONAL MOVEMENT.

The meeting of the Executive Committee tomorrow is in response to a call issued by the chairman. The leaders of the movement in this State propose to inaugurate a national movement at this time by the resolutions that are being prepared today, and which will be submitted at the meeting for adoption. They are of the opinion that no real success can be obtained from the old parties and they have settled upon Senator Morgan of Alabama and Senator Allen of Nebraska as the men who can lead them forward to a victory.

In their resolution they expect to call upon the Senators to allow themselves to head the movement and cut loose from their present party affiliations to the extent that is necessary for them to carry in the footed purposes of the Bi-Metallic party.

OPENING GUN.

"The adoption of the proposed resolutions will be the opening gun, and they will of course be sent on at once to Senators Morgan and Allen for action, and the movement will be embraced therein."

THIS WAS THE RESULT.

At 12:30 o'clock the stairs leading to the rooms on North Main street, where the "boom" of that "opening gun" was going to demolish the old parties and clear the atmosphere for action and make the enemy wish he was "non est" and several other things, were thronged by press representatives, on the alert for notes of that "important meeting" and those "strong resolutions" and the advancement of the "cause of silver," etc., etc.

But, alas! and again, alas! The moments passed, and lengthened into hours, but yet the minions and adherents of the Bi-Metallic evening organ came not, nor materialized even to the extent of one adherent. Dead silence reigned throughout the headquarters of the Bi-Metallic party, and the national movement that was to have started with a stirring call to Senator Morgan, to "take up the standard and march to the field of carnage" petered out before it arrived, and, in the language of an unknown genius, "died a bore."

Meanwhile the cause of free silver, as represented by the "Bi-Metallics," languishes and awaits the receipt of the "wind" of the aforesaid evening organ.

Kindergarten Industrial School.

The board of directors and advisory board of the Stimson-Lafayette Industrial Association met last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Stimson on Figueroa street. A committee of three, consisting of Judge A. M. Stephens, Mrs. D. G. Stephens and Mrs. T. D. Stimson, was chosen to see about the incorporation of the association and select a board of directors, the board already elected being too large.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became a Girl, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GRAPEFUL AND COMFORTING

For Tired Aching Irritated Feet
Is a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a gentle anointing with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure. This treatment allays itching and irritation, soothes inflammation and painful swellings of the joints, softens hard and roughened skin and regulates and purifies the perspiration.



THE GOVERNOR DEPARTS.

He Visits Whittier School and Discusses Its Maintenance.

The Governor and his party were expected from Whittier yesterday afternoon, but did not arrive till the 5:20 train. Consequently he was unable to visit the Normal School, as had been arranged. So much time was spent in examining the condition of the State School that but little was left for informal visiting of any kind.

Gov. Budd and party, immediately upon arriving from Whittier in this city yesterday afternoon, were driven to the Courthouse, where a friendly contest between the State and county officials was in order for half an hour.

In the District Attorney's office were gathered the State Board of Supervisors, Superintendent Coffin, Mrs. Mitchell, trustee, and others. The trouble has been a matter of long standing, and arose over two interpretations of the same law. The county pays nothing for the support of criminals at the school and one-half that of the incorrigibles. The District Attorney argues that criminals are a State charge, and whether in San Quentin or Whittier, should be provided for by it. The Governor was expected to request Los Angeles county to put up one-half for their maintenance.

The entire matter was left in the hands of the Attorney-General, who will confer with the District Attorney, and the matter is expected to be settled in a few days. The Governor seemed anxious to have the county pay the entire amount for the support of those guilty of misdemeanors. He said that he was very much pleased with the school, and saw a great opportunity for its improvement. He thought a new building, which lathes could be run by the boys would be a great advantage; besides it would help toward making the institution self-supporting—a condition which he thought would ultimately be reached.

The Governor and party dined at the Hollenbeck and took the 8:35 train north for Sacramento. His next visit will be in the near future, when the final decision of saws back to the origin, C. A. Dunham finds that the circular saw was invented in America about the year 1770 by a combmaker the name of Hartsboro.

He found the old-fashioned method of using a common hand saw to saw out the horn between the teeth of the circular saw. He therefore took a common copper penny, known locally as a "Bungtown capper," filed it down somewhat thinner, drilled a hole through its center, squared the hole and cut the teeth in its outer edge. He then placed it upon a mandrel and put it in his lathe. On that he saved out his rombs.

The new saw worked so well that he cut up his hand saw and converted that also into circular saw for making combs. He lived and died in Mansfield, Ct., where the wooden nutmegs come from. He was also the inventor of the screw and lip auger. He never took out any patents, claiming that if he had done anything that was of benefit to his fellowmen they were welcome to it.

A Cartoonist Coming.

S. M. Spedron, the cartoonist and newspaper illustrator, is expected to arrive in San Francisco en route to this city, where he is to give one of his unique entertainments tomorrow evening. For three years Mr. Spedron has been the staff of Harper's Weekly, writing articles descriptive of the Great Lakes region and the lumber camps of Michigan, and illustrating his own work with character sketches and typical scenes. He was specially detailed to portray the picturesque characters congregated to celebrate the 30th anniversary of Santa Fe, the oldest town in America, among the Buffalo Bill and many typical representatives of various Indian tribes.

Subsequently he did work for Judge and Frank Leslie's. In 1890 he began the publication in New York of Talent, a monthly devoted to humorous lectures which has become probably the leading magazine of its kind. For several years past Mr. Spedron has been engaged in lecturing tours and studying his own special art. This is his first visit to California, although his father was one of the "Golden State" artists, and himself enthusiastically over some of the newspaper illustrations he has seen here, saying they are generally better than in the East.

Mr. Spedron's "renewed" sketches and rapid artist, one who can produce a picture without the usual recourse to models and sketches for comparison of particular poses. He thinks there should be more attention given in art schools to practical instruction that will fit the student for newspaper illustration, and an appreciation of lines as affected by the process of reduction required by the final print. His lecture here, poetic, humorous and pathetic, will be amply illustrated by his own skilled and rapid work.

MEN AND WOMEN OF THE COAST.

P. T. Armour, the Chicago millionaire, will spend several months in Phoenix, Ariz., with his family.

S. Somoy, chancellor of the Japanese Consulate at Tacoma, was in Portland recently, and will visit San Francisco before returning home.

G. Stead, Northcott, an immediate relative of Earl Stafford Northcott, the famous British peer, passed through San Francisco last week on his way to Hong Kong, China.

Ex-Gov. P. H. Leslie of Montana, now United States District Attorney, passed through Butte last week on his way back from the Blackfoot reservation, where he has been on business.

Sir Audley Coo, the projector of the trans-Pacific cable which is to connect San Francisco, Honolulu, New Zealand and Australia, will be on the antipodes from San Francisco soon.

Dr. James Cantlin, who has been dean of the medical college at Hong Kong for ten years past, is staying at the Occidental, San Francisco. He is on his way to England to raise \$100,000 for the endowment of a university.

EXCEPTIONAL.

The new features embraced in the "Superior" steel range fully warrants the assertion, "best and most complete" in the market. See them at the Oak & Burr Store Company, Nos. 234 and 236 South Spring street.

"WHO?"

WHAT?

WHERE?

OR WHENCE?

Is this Home University League?

A Few Pointers Right Here

Give Worlds To Recall

Self-Help Self-Effort and Self-Tuition

All True Workers

Study Human Progress

Mind Rules the Race!

Times Educational Dept., 251 South Broadway.

COUPON OF INQUIRY.

Office of The Times E. B. Dept.

Room 65, 226 S. Spring St.

I am interested in the work of the "Home University League," and request you send me full details.

Name

Address

P. O. Station

THIRD Excursion TO Fair Oaks

TO Fair Oaks

IN THE HEART OF CALIFORNIA

On the Sheltered Highlands of the American River in Sacramento County, Only a Short Drive From Sacramento.

It is a delightful place to live in.

It is profitable to raise Oranges and Lemons there.

NO KILLING FROSTS.

FRUIT RIPENS EARLY.

\$100 per Acre.

Electric Railway in Progress.

Come to our office and get information of our Third Excursion, to leave March 16th, next Monday.

Farm, Field and Fireside of Chicago.

Edwin K. Alsip & Co., Western Managers, 1015 4th St., Sacramento, Mills Bldg., San Francisco.

Room 9, 109 1-2 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

CHAS. L. HUBBARD, Local Agent.

READ THIS LETTER.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 1, 1894.

To the Public: I am a man of about ten years with lung, liver and kidney troubles. Tongue could never express the misery endured during those years. I was reduced in flesh until I was a mere skeleton; my sight and hearing were badly impaired; I was constantly troubled with constipation and piles, and had a severe chronic cough. In short, life was a burden and death would have been welcome. I was treated by various specialists without success. I finally resolved to give Dr. Fong Him, of No. 68 Upper Main street, a trial. Of course, like many others, I had heard of him, but I am ready to state that a few doses of his life-giving herbs to knock all the skepticism out of me. In just five weeks the doctor pronounced me cured, and now I can truthfully say that I never was so comfortable and happy in my life. My sight and hearing are both fully restored; that obstinate cough, constipation and piles are entirely cured, and I am rapidly gaining in flesh, having gained forty pounds in two months. I earnestly recommend all sufferers and skeptics to give the doctor a trial and be convinced of his superior skill as a physician.

JOHN M. STEVENSON,
609 Bellevue avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.

Don't Order Until You See

BOORDAN THE TAILOR

100 S. Spring St. opp. Nadeau, Los Angeles

YACHT SAILS

Win Races

BOORDAN THE TAILOR

100 S. Spring St. opp. Nadeau, Los Angeles

YACHT SAILS

Win Races

BOORDAN THE TAILOR

100 S. Spring St. opp. Nadeau, Los Angeles

YACHT SAILS

Win Races

BOORDAN THE TAILOR

100 S. Spring St. opp. Nadeau, Los Angeles

YACHT SAILS

Win Races

BOORDAN THE TAILOR

100 S. Spring St. opp. Nadeau, Los Angeles

YACHT SAILS

Win Races

BOORDAN THE TAILOR

100 S. Spring St. opp. Nadeau, Los Angeles

YACHT SAILS

Win Races

BOORDAN THE TAILOR

